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SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 GENERAL

The groundwater table in many areas of Sacramento County has been declining for years. In order to slow this decline, to meet the growing water demands of the area and support the increasing population, a conjunctive water use program has been developed to supplement groundwater use. One component of the conjunctive use program is water recycling. The Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District (SRCSD), in partnership with the Sacramento County Water Agency (SCWA) is implementing a water recycling program. The Phase I recycled water system will be used to irrigate publicly owned areas of residential neighborhoods, parks, school sites, commercial areas, and landscaped medians in the Laguna West, Lakeside and Laguna Stonelake developments in the Elk Grove/Laguna area. In the next anticipated phase, the system will be expanded into the East Franklin area.

Using recycled water for non-potable (non-drinkable) uses such as irrigation, has multiple benefits including:

- Conserves groundwater and surface water that would otherwise be used for nonpotable irrigation use.
- Provides Sacramento County with a reliable and drought-proof water supply source.
- Provides an alternative to wastewater discharge into the Sacramento River.

The use of water recycled from domestic sewage is regulated by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). California Water Code Section 13551 establishes a state policy to encourage the use of recycled water. Permission to use recycled water is based on the ability to adequately treat domestic wastewater to the point that the recycled water (effluent) meets the requirements of existing Title 22, Chapter 3 Regulations of the California Administrative Code. Title 22 was promulgated by the State Department of Health Services (DHS) to ensure proper health protection and specify the level of treatment appropriate for the intended applications.

1.2 PURPOSE

In accordance with waste discharge requirements for water recycling projects, the RWQCB requires that Rules and Regulations for facilities using recycled water be established. The purpose of these Rules and Regulations is to establish procedures, specifications, and limitations for the safe and orderly development and operation of recycled water facilities and systems in the Sacramento County area.

1.3 Goals

Recycled water shall be produced and distributed and used in a manner that meets all Federal, State and local requirements for non-potable uses and shall achieve the following:

- A. Conservation of potable water supplies by using recycled water for current and future demands. Recycled water uses shall be for the maximum public benefit and may include:
 - Agricultural irrigation
 - Commercial uses (including flushing toilets and urinals)

- Construction use
- Groundwater recharge
- Industrial processes (including cooling towers)
- Landscape irrigation
- Landscape and/or recreational impoundments
- Wildlife habitat
- B. Prevent direct human consumption of the recycled water through:
 - Adherence to all applicable rules and regulations.
 - Posting of warning signs by the customer.
 - Cross-connection/backflow prevention program.
 - Education of the public
- C. For landscape irrigation, control run-off, ponding, and overspray of recycled water at all times by controlling the installation and operation of the systems using recycled water.
- D. Prevent contamination of potable water supplies.
- E. Isolate contamination by other sources, such as wastewater, sludge, or other substances which may come into contact with the recycled water.
- F. Monitor recycled water quality.

The use of gray water, as defined in **Appendix A**, is expressly excluded from these Rules and Regulations.

1.4 SEVERABILITY

If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, part or portion of these Rules and Regulations is for any reason held to be invalid, such invalidity shall not affect any of the remaining portions of these Rules and Regulations. The County declares that each section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or part of these Rules and Regulations would have been adopted irrespective of the invalidity of any part. These Rules and Regulations shall be interpreted so as to comply with applicable Federal and State laws and regulations.

1.5 Service Area

These Rules and Regulations pertain to recycled water service to lands and/or improvements lying within the legal boundaries of the County unless otherwise stated. The County shall provide recycled water service in accordance with these Rules and Regulations to the Laguna-Vineyard area of Zone 41 as shown on **Figure 1-1**. If the County recycled water service is extended beyond the current boundaries, any additional purveyors will become a party to these Rules and Regulations. Recycled water service shall be provided to the service area when related distribution facilities are completed and recycled water service becomes available.

SECTION 2

RECYCLED WATER SERVICE REQUIREMENTS

2.1 GENERAL

The County shall provide recycled water service in accordance with these Rules and Regulations to all areas identified in the Reclaimed Water Project EIR, *Sacramento Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant Reclaimed Water Project EIR*, prepared in May 1996 and subsequent updates, additions, revisions, or amendments for the use of recycled water, when such recycled water becomes available.

2.2 SERVICE CONDITIONS

The County shall control and schedule recycled water distribution to customers. The provisions of recycled water service and the use of recycled water by any customer shall be subject to all the terms and conditions of these Rules and Regulations.

Responsibilities for the Recycled Water Program is split between several County Agencies, briefly described as follows:

Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District (SRCSD)

SRCSD produces the recycled water at the Sacramento Regional Wastewater Treatment Plant and holds the Master Permit for Water Reclamation Requirements (Order No. 97-146) issued by the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). SRCSD is responsible for monitoring recycled water quality to ensure compliance with the Master Permit.

Sacramento County Water Agency (SCWA)

SCWA is responsible for regional water distribution system planning. SCWA is also responsible for operation of the recycled water distribution system and routine interface with the recycled water customers. This includes cross connection control, customer inspections and monitoring for compliance with these Rules and Regulations. SCWA will conduct the plan check reviews for new recycled water installations.

Recycled water service shall be provided only if a permit for such service is obtained in the manner provided in these Rules and Regulations. If any of the following conditions of service are not satisfied at all times, a Permit for Recycled Water Service may be revoked after which all recycled water service shall cease. Connection to a potable water system may not be allowed.

2.3 APPLICATION PROCEDURE FOR RECYCLED WATER

2.3.1 Filing Application for Recycled Water Service

A potential customer meeting the requirements for recycled water service shall file an application for recycled water with SCWA on a standard form provided by the SCWA.

The application form shall contain detailed information concerning the applicant as follows:

- A. The name of the property or development that will be irrigated with recycled water.
- B. The applicant's relationship to the property for which recycled water service is requested. In cases where the applicant is not the legal owner of the property, the legal owner shall consent to the application on a supplemental notarized form.
- C. The address, legal description, and parcel number of the property covered by the application.
- D. The current zoning and the purpose for which the property will be used.
- E. The proposed use of recycled water within a defined designated use area on the property.
- F. The current source of irrigation water (if any).
- G. The estimated service requirements for recycled water, i.e. pressure and flow.
- H. The designation of a proposed applicant's Recycled Water Supervisor.
- I. Any special condition for service pursuant to these Rules and Regulations.

The Application for Recycled Water Service is included as **Appendix D**. Checklist/Action Request Form for Obtaining Recycled Water Service is included as **Appendix E**. Status of Application for Recycled Water Service is included as **Appendix F**. Permit for Recycled Water Service is included as **Appendix G**.

The application form, signed by the applicant or the applicant's agent, shall be accompanied by engineered site plans and specifications per Section 3.5 of these Rules and Regulations clearly delineating the proposed recycled water designated use area, the proposed meter location, size, and type of all recycled water service connections and onsite facilities, and any areas in which recycled water must be specifically excluded.

2.3.2 Compliance of Application with Regulatory Requirements

The applicant for recycled water shall agree to comply with the requirements of these Rules and Regulations and any and all applicable Federal, State and local statutes, ordinances, regulations and other requirements.

2.3.3 Application Fees and Other Charges

Application fees, deposits, and capacity charges shall be paid in accordance with the schedule of rates established by the SCWA and shall be subject to all terms and conditions of these Rules and Regulations.

2.3.4 Review of Application by the SCWA

Upon receipt of an application for recycled water service, the SCWA shall review the application and conduct any necessary investigation in order to determine whether the County shall provide recycled water service. The SCWA may prescribe requirements in writing to the applicant as to the facilities necessary to be constructed including design, manner of construction, method of operation and conditions of service.

2.4 PERMITS

A SCWA Permit for Recycled Water Service must be obtained by the customer to receive recycled water on any property.

Permits to receive recycled water service or any connection for service made as provided in the permit issued under these Rules and Regulations pursuant to receipt of an application for such service shall be subject to the following conditions:

- A. The applicant shall adhere to requirements prescribed by these Rules and Regulations and to all additional requirements prescribed by all governing agencies pertaining to recycled water service.
- B. The applicant shall pay specified connection fees, service line charges and other applicable charges prior to issuance of the permit. The current fee schedule for these charges are available from the Technical Resources of Sacramento County Building Inspection Department.
- C. In order to maintain optimal operating conditions throughout the recycled water system, the SCWA may schedule recycled water use. Such scheduling may involve programming deliveries to different customers and/or to various portions of a single customer's on-site system. Any scheduling shall consider applicable constraints of all involved regulatory agencies, these Rules and Regulations, and the operating constraints of the affected customers.

- D. The SCWA may temporarily terminate recycled water service when: (1) at any time recycled water at the terminal point of the SCWA reclamation system does not meet the requirements of the regulatory agencies; (2) maintenance of the system is required; (3) an emergency exists. The SCWA may provide backup water supply from other approved sources. In addition, approved air gap separations may be used to provide potable water to the recycled water system to ensure reliability of water service.
- E. The permit shall become effective when the project has been completely constructed, tested and been approved by the appropriate agencies.
- F. A copy of the current permit must be available for review at all times, clearly posted at the use site, or on file at the customer's site or business.

A permit shall not require renewal, except that the SCWA reserves the right to suspend or terminate the permit, or to modify its terms and conditions, if any of the following occurs:

- A. Change of the owner or user of the property covered by the permit.
- B. Change in the use of the property covered by the permit.
- C. Change in the qualitative characteristics of recycled water.
- D. Violation of these Rules and Regulations and other applicable regulations.
- E. Change in regulations.

A new permit application must be submitted to reinstate a permit that has been cancelled.

2.5 ESTABLISHING SERVICE

2.5.1 Request for Service Connection

Following the completion of construction and/or installation of the recycled water facilities, the customer shall request the SCWA to install the service meter.

The request for service connection shall be accompanied by all required fees for installation and connection as appropriate for the size and type of service.

2.5.2 Temporary Use of Potable Water or Untreated Groundwater

The recycled water distribution system may be charged with potable water or untreated groundwater until recycled water is made available. Before the customer receives temporary water service, a recycled water permit must be obtained. Prior to commencement of recycled water service, an inspection of the onsite facilities shall be conducted by the SCWA to verify that the facilities have been maintained and are in compliance with the recycled water permit. Upon verification of compliance, the customer shall receive recycled service.

2.6 CONDITIONS FOR RECYCLED WATER SERVICE

Permits for recycled water service and any connections for service made, as provided in the permit issued under these Rules and Regulations, shall be subject to the following conditions:

2.6.1. Adherence to Permit Conditions

Except as otherwise provided herein, all recycled water will be provided to the customer according to the conditions and quantity specified in the Permit for Recycled Water Service (see Appendix F).

2.6.2. <u>Control of Facilities (Liability)</u>

The SCWA shall have control of and shall maintain and repair recycled water service lines and meters. The customer shall repair and maintain in good working conditions the recycled water system downstream of the meter. The SCWA shall have the right to inspect and test all connections and onsite facilities.

2.6.3 Prohibition of Changes

The customer shall not make any changes to the recycled water system without SCWA approval. Any changes or alterations to existing onsite facilities, whether the result of intentional or unintended damage, shall be reported immediately to SCWA.

2.6.4 <u>Services to Common Areas</u>

The County reserves the right to supply recycled water to contiguous areas of a single ownership through a single recycled water service connection.

Common areas owned or operated by homeowner's associations or similar cooperatives should have only one service connection whenever it is practical, and will be operated as a single ownership.

A recycled water service connection shall not be used to supply property not specified in the permit authorizing the connection.

2.6.5 <u>Subdividing an Approved Service Area</u>

- A. When a property provided with a recycled water service connection and water meter is subdivided, such connection and meter shall be considered as serving the lot or parcel of land on which the meter is located. Additional recycled water distribution mains and/or service lines, agreements and associated fees, if applicable, will be required for all subdivided areas in accordance with these Rules and Regulations. Agreements and associated fees, if applicable, will provide easements for recycled water distribution mains and easement locations.
- B. All recycled water used on any premise must pass through the meter. Customers shall be charged for all recycled water passing through the meters.
- C. Every recycled water service connection and meter assembly shall include a winged angle meter stop with Teflon coated ball or gate valve, as approved by the SCWA, on the inlet side of the meter, which shall be used exclusively by the County for controlling the recycled water supply through the recycled water service line. If the angle stop or gate valve is damaged by the customer's use, repair and/or replacement by the County shall be at the customer's expense.
- D. Each customer shall limit the use of recycled water to those uses set forth in the permit for recycled water service approved by the SCWA.

2.6.6 Conditions of Pressure and Service

Pressure and service shall be provided on an "as available" basis, at the location of the customer's meter. All customers shall hold the County harmless from any and all damages and liabilities caused in whole or in part by pressure conditions, water quality variations, or interruptions in service. It shall be the owner's responsibility to install booster pumps to increase pressure if necessary.

2.7 SIZE AND LOCATION OF SERVICE CONNECTIONS

The County reserves the right to approve the size and location of recycled water service lines, the service connections, and the meters and shall also have the right to approve the kind and size of backflow prevention devices if required, and any and all other appurtenances to the service.

The recycled water service lines shall be extended to a curb line, or property line of the customer's property, abutting upon a public street, highway, road, or County's easement in which recycled water distribution mains are installed.

2.8 CROSS-CONNECTION PREVENTION

2.8.1 Purpose

The primary purpose of this Article is to protect the SCWA potable water supply from possible contamination by prohibiting cross-connections between the potable water distribution system and the recycled water distribution system, in accordance with Title 17, Chapter 5 of the California Code of Regulations. The secondary purpose is to protect the recycled water system from other contaminants.

2.8.2 Backflow Prevention

Regulations governing backflow prevention devices are intended to protect the County's potable water supplies and are not intended to protect users from potential hazards of cross-connections in the user's onsite facilities.

- A. County approved backflow prevention for the potable water supply shall be provided by the customer in accordance with these Rules and Regulations and as required by SCWA.
- B. The backflow prevention devices required shall be in accordance with the requirements specified by the current version of the County of Sacramento Public Works Standard and Construction Specifications.

Provision, installation, maintenance and inspection of backflow prevention devices shall be the sole responsibility and duty of the customer, and at the customer's expense. Inspection of backflow prevention devices shall be done at least once a year in accordance with Title 17, or more often in those instances where successive inspections indicate repeated failures (see **Appendix B** for details).

2.8.3 Type of Protection

The level of protection required is related to the degree of hazard that the SCWA determines exists on the premises served. Listed in increasing levels of protection, the following protective devices may be required: Reduced Pressure Principle Backflow Prevention Device (RPPD), Double Check Valve Assembly (DC) and Air Gap Separation (AG). The user may choose a higher level or protection than required by the County. Minimum types required, relative to various situations, are listed below. Situations not listed shall be evaluated on a case-by-case basis and the appropriate level of protection required shall be determined by the SCWA in consultation with the County EMD and the State Department of Health Services.

	DEGREE OF HAZARD	BACKFLOW PREVENTION
A.	Sewage and Hazardous Substances	
	Premises where the County potable water system is used to supplement the recycled water supply	AG
	Premises where there are wastewater pumping and/or treatment plants and there is no interconnection with the potable water system. This does not include a single-family residence that has a sewage lift pump. A RPPD may be provided in lieu of an AG if approved by the State DHS and the County.	
	Premises where hazardous substances are handled in any manner in which the substance may enter the potable water system. This does not include a single-family residence that has a sewage lift pump. A RPPD may be provided in lieu of an AG if approved by the State DHS and the County.	
	Premises where there are irrigation systems into which fertilizers, herbicides, or pesticides are, or can be, injected.	
B.	Premises where entry is restricted so that cross-connection inspections cannot be made with sufficient frequency or at short notice to assure that cross-connections do not exist.	
C.	Premises where there is a repeated history of cross-connections being established or reestablished.	RPPD
D.	Auxiliary Water Supplies	
	Premises where an approved auxiliary water supply is interconnected with the public water system. A RPPD or DC may be substituted for an AG if approved by the State DHS and the County.	
	Premises with an approved auxiliary water supply and there are no interconnections with the County water system. A DC may be substituted for a RPPD if approved by the State DHS and the County.	

REQUIRED MINIMUM

DEGREE OF HAZARD (Con't)	MINIMUM BACKFLOW PREVENTION
E. Fire Protection Systems	
Premises where the fire system is supplied from the County water system and there is an unapproved auxiliary water supply on or next to the premises (not interconnected).	DC
Premises where the fire system is supplied from the County water system and interconnected with an unapproved auxiliary water supply. A RPPD may be substituted for an AG if approved by the State DHS and the County.	AG
Premises where the fire system is supplied from the County water system and where either elevated storage tanks or fire pumps that take suction from private reservoirs or tanks are used.	DC
Premises where the fire system is supplied from the County water system and supplemented with chemical fire retardant such as foam.	AG

REQUIRED

2.8.4 <u>Color-Coding Dual or Multiple Water Systems:</u>

Any property that is provided recycled water service or contains dual or multiple water systems and piping, all exposed recycled water pipelines, valves, and other fittings shall be purple and marked to distinguish clearly which is used for potable water and which is used for recycled water. All recycled water quick couplers shall be posted with bilingual precautionary tags with the wording "CAUTION: RECYCLED WATER – DO NOT DRINK", and "PELIGRO: AGUA IMPURA – NO BEBER". Main shut-off valves shall be clearly identified to distinguish between recycled water and potable water systems. See Section 3.3 for additional color-coding requirements.

2.8.5 Customer's Designated Recycled Water Supervisor

The customer shall designate a recycled water supervisor who shall be responsible for the prevention of any cross-connections on the property, and in the event of a cross-connection to the potable water system, the customer shall immediately shutoff the main recycled water supply valve and depressurize the recycled water system to prevent further mixing with the potable supply, and shall immediately advise the SCWA of the occurrence of the cross-connection. The local and State health officers shall be immediately advise by the SCWA so that appropriate

measures may be taken to control any contamination or pollution. See **Appendix H** for an example emergency response plan. Also see Section 4.2.2 for additional responsibilities of the on-site supervisor.

2.9 CONVERSION TO RECYCLED WATER SERVICE

When a potential customer proposes the conversion of an existing potable water irrigation system to a recycled water irrigation system, an analysis of the irrigation system will be conducted by the customer for SCWA to identify the measures necessary to ensure compliance with these Rules and Regulations, and separation of the recycled water and potable water systems. The analysis will be conducted at the expense of the customer unless determined otherwise by the SCWA. On a case-by-case basis, the SCWA and the State DHS shall review the record drawings, and investigation reports, and determine the measures necessary to bring the existing system into full compliance with these Rules and Regulations. The SCWA or the State DHS may deny issuance of a recycled water users permit if either determines that the proposed conversion cannot be safely made.

2.10 ADDITIONAL RESTRICTIONS ON THE USES OF RECYCLED WATER

2.10.1 Run-off, Ponding, and Overspray

The on-site facilities shall be designed to meet the peak irrigation demand of all plant materials used within the design area and to apply irrigation water in a manner compatible with the infiltration rates of the soil types within the approved use area.

Conditions that directly or indirectly cause a run-off of recycled water outside of the approved recycled water use areas; cause a ponding or overspray of recycled water; or permit windblown spray to pass outside of the approved use area, whether by design, construction practice, or system operation, shall be eliminated or controlled to the greatest extent possible with the use of the best practicable technology or methodology.

Areas irrigated with recycled water shall be managed to prevent ponding and conditions conducive to the proliferation of mosquitos and other disease vectors, and to avoid creation of a public nuisance or health hazard. The following practices shall be implemented, at a minimum:

- A. Ditches receiving irrigation runoff, not serving as wildlife habitat, shall be maintained free of emergent, marginal, and floating vegetation.
- B. Low-pressure and unpressurized pipelines and ditches accessible to mosquitos shall not be used to store recycled water.

2.10.2 Protection of Drinking Fountains And Public Facilities

Any and all drinking fountains located within an approved recycled water use area shall be protected by relocation or isolating them from contact with recycled water, whether by windblown spray or by direct application through irrigation or other approved uses. Recycled water irrigation systems shall not be installed near food establishments or public facilities such as picnic tables. The goal is to eliminate as much as possible any potential for overspray of recycled water onto food establishments, picnic tables and drinking fountains in the most economic way. Alternative methods of accomplishing this shall include:

- 1) eliminating the facility in question,
- 2) moving the facility out of the irrigated area,
- 3) modifying the irrigation system to eliminate the potential for overspray (i.e. drip or bubbler systems) or not to irrigate in the area (eliminate landscaping or require hand watering in this area),
- 4) protect the facility with a hood or screening wall/structure.

Additional methods may also be acceptable and will be evaluated on a case by case basis.

2.10.3 <u>Hose Bibs and Quick Couplers</u>

No customer shall use or install any hose bibs on a recycled water system regardless of style, construction or identifications. The use of quick couplers is at the sole discretion of the SCWA. Their intended use shall require a separate plan review from the SCWA. Only quick couplers with the approved color and identification will be allowed.

2.10.4 Fire Hydrants

No customer or other party shall use or install fire hydrants and other connections for fire services on any onsite system that presently operates or is designed to operate with recycled water, regardless of the construction and identification of the fire hydrant and other connections for fire services.

SECTION 3

FACILITIES DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

3.1 DESIGN GUIDELINES

The design of the off-site facilities, including the preparation of plans and specifications shall be under the responsibility of an engineer registered with the State of California. The design of the on-site facilities that will use recycled water and the preparation of plans and specifications, shall be under the responsibility of a landscape architect, civil engineer or mechanical engineer registered with the State of California familiar with the design of such systems. All on-site recycled water facilities shall comply with the Guidelines for Distribution of Non-potable Water developed by the American Water Works Association (AWWA) California-Nevada Section and the State Health Services Department Guidelines for Use of Recycled Water and shall also comply with all the requirements, conditions and standards set forth in the current edition of the Standard Construction Specifications of the County of Sacramento Department of Public Works, and the provisions of these Rules and Regulations, and other related design standards and construction specification guidelines. See **Appendix C** for County Improvement Standards. The recycled water system including both off-site and on-site facilities, shall be separate and independent of any potable water system. All plans and specifications shall be signed and sealed and shall meet the design standards as discussed in Section 3 of the County Improvement Standards.

3.2 OFF-SITE FACILITIES

Any off-site recycled water distribution facilities, to the extent determined by the SCWA, required to serve developments in the County service area shall be provided by the applicant, owner, or customer at their expense, unless SCWA determines it is appropriate to construct these capital facilities.

Plans and specifications for all recycled water distribution facilities shall be submitted to and approved by the SCWA in advance of construction.

The County will assume responsibility for providing recycled water service to the point of connection of such development upon transfer to the County the title to all off-site recycled water systems and any necessary easements. All easements shall be in a form acceptable to the County and not subject to outstanding obligations to relocate such facilities or any deeds of trust, except as approved by the SCWA.

The property owner, proponent, or developer may request that SCWA enter into a reimbursement agreement for the portions of a system which are required to be oversized with capacity to supply more recycled water than the property owner, proponent or developer requires. The decision to enter into a reimbursement agreement shall be made by the SCWA.

3.3 ON-SITE RECYCLED WATER FACILITIES

All on-site recycled water facilities which benefit the approved use area shall be provided by the applicant, owner or customer at his/her expense. The customer shall make, at his/her expense, any modification to the potable water system on the premises which is required by the County, in order to permit recycled water service, including but not limited to the installation by the customer of approved backflow preventers. On-site recycled water facilities shall be designed to accommodate the use of recycled water in those areas where the County has determined that recycled water will be supplied in the future, even though recycled water service is not immediately available when the design area is ready for construction. Provisions shall be made for connections to the recycled water system when it becomes available.

Plans and specifications for customer recycled water facilities shall be submitted to the SCWA as specified in Section 3.5 of these Rules and Regulations.

3.3.1 Identification of On-site Pipes and Fittings

New on-site pipelines shall be identified as recycled water pipes by using a purple color code differentiating them from potable water piping.

All piping and valves must also be appropriately labeled or continuously taped with appropriate identification.

Approved use areas for recycled water service shall also be posted with precautionary notices to warn the public per Section 4.3.

When converting an existing water service to recycled water usage the affected water pipelines shall be located and tested in coordination with SCWA and the regulatory agencies to ensure isolation from the potable water system. All necessary actions will be taken to bring the water pipelines into compliance with these Rules and Regulations. It is not necessary to provide identification of all existing buried pipelines, unless verification of isolation from the potable water system cannot be confirmed by the cross-connection test. Any existing buried pipelines that are uncovered shall be identified prior to use. The existing water facilities must have the approval of the SCWA and regulatory agencies prior to initiation of recycled water service.

3.3.2 Color-Code for Recycled Water Pipes

The use of purple colored pipe, with the words "CAUTION: RECYCLED WATER – DO NOT DRINK" embossed or integrally stamped/marked on the pipe is the preferred method of identification. Continuous sleeve is an acceptable alternative to the colored pipe mentioned in Section 3.3.3.

The warning should be stamped on opposite sides of the pipe, repeated every three feet.

All connections, temporary and permanent to a recycled water system shall be identified in such a manner as to differentiate them from connections to a potable water system.

When potable water is being supplied to an area which is also being supplied with recycled water, the new potable water main shall also be identified. A color-coded tape, as determined by SCWA, with the words "DRINKING WATER LINE" and "TUBERIA DE AGUA POTABLE" shall be fastened directly to the top of the potable water pipe and run continuously the entire length of the pipe. This tape shall be at least 3 inches in width. The color code for potable water shall be determined by SCWA to differentiate it from recycled water.

3.3.3 Continuous Sleeves

A continuous polyethylene sleeve shall be installed on all new recycled water pressure and/or non-pressure service pipelines if purple colored pipe is not available. A purple sleeve with black lettering stating "CAUTION: RECYCLED WATER – DO NOT DRINK" and "PELIGRO: AGUA IMPURA – NO BEBER" shall run continuously the entire length of the pipe. Each section of sleeve should overlap the next section a minimum of 24 inches and should be secured at each sleeve joint.

3.3.4 Separation

A. Horizontal

A 10-foot separation of the recycled water pipeline shall be maintained at all times between a potable water pipeline and/or a parallel sanitary sewer or sludge pipeline. If a 10-foot separation is not possible, the approval for special construction requirements shall be obtained from the SCWA and the State DHS prior to commencement of construction. Common trench construction shall not be permitted. In any event, a horizontal separation less than 4 feet shall not be allowed.

B. Vertical

On new systems, potable water, recycled water, and sewer lines should be located from the ground surface in order of descending quality. Potable water shall be above recycled water which should be above sewer. Minimum vertical separation should be one foot between top and bottom surfaces of pipes. Exceptions to this general rule are as follows:

- On irrigation systems where intermittently pressurized recycled water lines (laterals) serve sprinkler heads, the potable water line(s) may be placed under the recycled water laterals. No special construction requirements are necessary provided that one-foot vertical separation is maintained.
- On sites using pressurized irrigation laterals with valve-in-head sprinklers, the potable water line(s) may be placed under the recycled water laterals if additional protection is provided for the potable line. Common practices include sleeving or automatic flow control/shut off devices installed and functioning properly on each lateral that crosses a potable line.

No additional special construction requirements are necessary provided that one-foot vertical separation is maintained.

C. Groundwater Wells

Application of recycled water within 50 feet of any well used for domestic water supply is prohibited, unless approved by the Department of Health Services Drinking Water Branch. No impoundment of recycled water shall occur within 100 feet of any domestic water supply well.

3.4 RECYCLED WATER FOR CONSTRUCTION USE

3.4.1 Permits

The use of recycled water for construction purposes requires approval by SCWA. The permit shall be obtained prior to beginning recycled water use.

3.4.2 Uses

Recycled water used for construction purposes may only be used for soil compaction during grading operations, dust control and consolidation and compaction of backfill in trenches for nonpotable water, sanitary sewer, storm drain, gas and electric pipelines. Recycled water shall not be used for water jetting and consolidation or compaction of backfill in trenches for potable water pipelines.

3.4.3 Equipment

Equipment operators shall be instructed about the requirements contained herein and the potential health hazards involved with the use of recycled water. Water trucks, hoses, drop tanks, etc. shall be identified as containing recycled water and not suitable for drinking water.

Recycled water shall not be introduced into any domestic water piping system. No unprotected connection shall be made between equipment containing recycled water and any part of a domestic water system.

3.4.4 Equipment and Facilities Cleaning

Service connections, equipped with recycled water meters and suitable backflow protection, for the construction use of recycled water shall be provided by the County at locations convenient to the user with approval of the County.

3.5 SUBMITTALS

The following information shall be submitted to and approved by the SCWA prior to commencing any construction. The only exception is recycled water for construction use as described in Section 3.4.

3.5.1 Customer's Plans and Specifications

Civil site plans and specifications prepared by a civil engineer, a mechanical engineer or a landscape architect registered with the State of California, for the construction of on-site recycled water facilities shall be submitted to the SCWA for review and approval. The plans shall delineate the proposed recycled water service area, the proposed meter location, size and type of all recycled water service connections and on-site facilities. The plans shall include the layout of existing potable water pipelines and facilities including any areas in which recycled water must be specifically excluded.

3.5.2 Information on Customer's Plans

The following information shall be provided on the plans for every customer applying for any recycled water service meter:

- A. Application information specified in Section 2.3.1
- B. Meter size (inches).
- C. Irrigated area to be served through the recycled water meter (square feet or acres).
- D. Peak flow through the meter (gpm).
- E. Estimate of the yearly recycled water requirement (acre-feet or HCF).
- F. Service pressure at the meter as provided by the County (psi).
- G. Topographic contours of the site, or if not available sufficient information to determine elevation differences within the site.
- H. Direction of drainage.

- I. Location of wells (if applicable).
- J. Location of 100 Year Flood Plain (if applicable).
- K. Vertical and horizontal location of potable water lines, fire hydrants, drinking fountains and sanitary sewers.
- L. Vertical and horizontal location of storm drains.

3.5.3 Information Required for Recycled Water Irrigation Systems

If the on-site facilities include a landscape irrigation system the following data for the materials used in the irrigation system shall be included on the plans:

- A. A pipe schedule listing pipe sizes and materials of construction.
- B. Valve types/sizes.
- C. The following information for each type of sprinkler head:
 - 1. Sprinkler radius (feet).
 - 2. Operating pressure (psi).
 - 3. Flow (gpm or gph).
 - 4. Sprinkler pattern.
 - 5. Manufacturer, model number and all pertinent information
- D. Drip irrigation information and all pertinent equipment.
- E. Estimates of application rate, acres to be irrigated, soil texture and soil infiltration rate, and information on pressure requirement, hourly delivery rate, and the wetting pattern of sprinklers.
- F. All sprinkler valves shall be automatic and operated by a programmable controller with battery backup. Manually operated sprinkler valves are not acceptable.

3.5.4 <u>Information to be Called Out on Customer's Plans</u>

Exterior drinking fountains and potable water hose bibs and other public facilities shall be shown and called out on the plans. If no exterior drinking fountains or other public facilities are present in the design area, then it shall be specifically stated on the plans that none exists.

3.5.5 Standard Notes for Inclusion on Customer's Plans

As a minimum, provide the following notes as applicable, on the recycled water improvement and irrigation plans under the heading "Recycled Water General Notes:"

- 1. All public facilities such as comfort stations, drinking fountains and outdoor eating areas shall be protected against recycled water spray, mist or runoff.
- 2. Conditions that directly or indirectly cause a run-off of recycled water outside the approved recycled water use area, or cause a ponding of recycled water or permit windblown spray to pass outside of the approved use areas, whether by design, construction practice, or system operation, shall be eliminated or controlled with the use of the best practicable technology and methodology.
- 3. Contractor shall adjust heads to prevent over-spraying onto sidewalks, streets and off-site.
- 4. Hose bibs are strictly prohibited. Only quick couplers with the approved color and identification will be allowed.
- 5. Identification, by means of purple color coding (Pantone 512 or approved equal), stenciling and warning tapes, as well as coverage of all wiring and irrigation piping shall conform to all applicable requirements of the County Public Works Standards and Construction Specifications and these Rules and Regulations.
- 6. All potable water and recycled water piping shall be installed with the stenciling oriented toward the top of the trench.
- 7. A minimum 10 foot out-to-out horizontal separation between new pressurized recycled water and new pressurized potable water pipelines must be maintained at all times as shown on approved plans.
- 8. Pressurized recycled water lines shall cross at least 12 inches below potable water lines and maintain a minimum 12 inch crossing separation between other utilities.
- 9. If a pressurized recycled water line must be installed above a potable water line or less than 12 inches below a potable water line, then the recycled water line shall be installed within a protective sleeve. The sleeve shall extend 10 feet from each side of the centerline of the potable line, for a total of 20 feet.
- 10. Developer/contractor shall conduct a cross-connection test and coverage test as directed by the SCWA and State DHS or designated representative prior to any

use of recycled water. The generally accepted cross connection test method is a pressure differential test involving a 24-hour shut down of the irrigation system followed by a 4-hour minimum shut down of the potable system. The specific test procedures and test method will be determined by the SCWA in conjunction with the Health Departments on a case by case basis.

- 11. An annual site inspection will be performed by the SCWA and/or regulatory agencies. Annual site inspection may include:
 - 1) a site inspection and record check to determine if anything has changed system wide since the last inspection and to establish that the site is still in compliance with the R&R,
 - 2) a system coverage test and functional operational test to determine that the system is being maintained in the proper manner and that overspray, ponding and runoff are being controlled,
 - 3) verification that the site supervisor certification is current and that backflow device certifications are also current.
- 12. Prior to the utilization of recycled water, a signage plan showing the locations and design of recycled water "Do Not Drink" signs shall be forwarded to the SCWA for approval.
- 13. Prior to the utilization of recycled water, an on-site user/supervisor shall be designated in writing. This individual shall be familiar with plumbing systems within the property, with the basic concepts of backflow/cross-connection protection, and the specific requirements of a recycled water system. The User Supervisor shall educate all on-site maintenance personnel that recycled water is not approved for drinking purposes, hand washing or cleaning of tools. Copies of the User Supervisor designation, including telephone numbers for emergency and after-hours contact shall be provided to the SCWA.
- 14. Hours for irrigation with recycled water shall be from 10:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m., unless otherwise approved by SCWA. Any irrigation with recycled water between the hours of 6:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. must be under the supervision of the designated on-site supervisor.
- 15. Cross-connections between recycled water lines and potable water lines are strictly prohibited.
- 16. A physical separation shall be provided between adjacent areas irrigated with recycled water and potable water. Separation shall be provided by distance, concrete mow strips or others approved methods.

3.6 INSPECTION OF WORK

All work is subject to inspection by SCWA to ensure compliance with these Rules and Regulations. Work shall be left open and uncovered until approved by the County. The customer shall cooperate with those making the inspection and assist in the performance of the operational tests as required.

3.7 RECORD (AS-BUILT) DRAWINGS

The applicant, customer, or owner shall submit as-built record drawings to the SCWA before a service start-up is made.

All changes in the work constituting departures from the original design drawing shall be accurately recorded on two sets of drawings and submitted to the SCWA for approval prior to construction.

SECTION 4

FACILITIES OPERATION

4.1 OFF-SITE RECYCLED WATER FACILITIES

Operation, maintenance and monitoring of all of the County's off-site recycled water systems including, but not limited to, recycled water transmission and distribution mains, service lines, valves, connections, storage facilities, and other appurtenances and properties up to and including the County's meter, shall be under the management and control of the SCWA. No other persons except authorized representatives of the County shall have any right to enter any portion of the foregoing. No other persons except authorized representative of the County shall have any right to operate, adjust, repair, change, alter, move or relocate any portion of the off-site recycled water system.

4.2 ON-SITE RECYCLED WATER FACILITIES

4.2.1 <u>Customer's Responsibilities</u>

The customer or owner shall be responsible for the safe and efficient operation, maintenance and upkeep of their on-site facilities. However, the County shall also have the right to monitor and inspect the on-site operation of the customer's facilities. The County or authorized representatives of the County shall monitor and inspect the entire recycled water distribution facility, including customer facilities and for these purposes shall have the right to enter upon the customer's premises during reasonable hours. Reasonable hours shall include hours when irrigation is being performed, which is typically between 10:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. Except in emergencies the County and other parties authorized by the County shall be entitled to enter upon the customer's premises with reasonable notice to the customer for onsite inspection during reasonable hours to verify that the customer's facilities are in conformance with the provisions of these Rules and Regulations and all applicable permits.

The customer shall notify the SCWA of any and all updates or proposed changes, modifications of additions to the onsite facilities. Changes shall be approved by the SCWA and shall be designed and constructed according to the requirements, conditions and standards set forth in these Rules and Regulations and other County requirements.

The customer shall comply with any and all applicable Federal, State, and local statutes, ordinances, regulations, contracts and requirements prescribed by the County.

It shall be the responsibility of the customer to notify SCWA of any and all failures of the recycled water system or violations of these Rules and Regulations. Failures

or violations may include but are not limited to cross-connections, runoff conditions, ponding conditions, windblown spray conditions, unapproved uses, unprotected drinking fountains, unprotected public facilities, hose bibbs and fire hydrants.

The customer shall keep a written log of all system failures and violations including corrective action taken. The log shall be reviewed by the SCWA regularly.

4.2.2 <u>Designation/Responsibility of The Recycled Water Supervisor</u>

Each recycled water customer shall designate a Recycled Water Supervisor. The Recycled Water Supervisor shall be a person accepted and approved by the SCWA to operate and maintain the on-site facilities and irrigation systems, and to assume the responsibilities outlined here below. The County shall require that the designated Recycled Water Supervisor obtain instruction in the use of recycled water, such instruction being provided or approved by the SCWA. He/she shall be the contact person for the customer in all matters between the user and the SCWA concerning the operation of the onsite system and the use of recycled water. It shall be the responsibility of the customer to notify the SCWA whenever a change of the Recycled Water Supervisor occurs. Subsequently, the customer shall be responsible to obtain the SCWA's acceptance and approval of any newly designated supervisor. The Recycled Water Supervisor will have the following responsibilities:

- a. To oversee recycled water service and maintain onsite facilities.
- b. To ensure that all operations personnel are trained and familiarized with the use of recycled water, including all pertinent information contained in these Rules and Regulations and those applicable portions of the California Code of Regulations.
- c. To furnish operations personnel with operating instructions, maintenance instructions, controller charts, and record drawings to ensure proper operation in accordance with the facilities design and these Rules and Regulations and all applicable permits.
- d. To operate and control the customer recycled water system in order to prevent direct human consumption of recycled water and to control and prevent run-off.
- e. To carry out ongoing regular maintenance and upkeep to ensure the continued operation of all system elements within the requirements of these Rules and Regulations.
- f. To prevent cross-connections to potable water systems, and also to protect the recycled water system from contamination from cross-connections to other sources.

- g. To ensure that maintenance and inspection of backflow prevention assemblies is done regularly on an annual basis as per requirements of regulatory agencies, or more often in those instances where successive inspections indicate repeated failures.
- h. To report to the SCWA any and all failures in the onsite facilities whether or not such failures may result in violations.

4.2.3 Operation and Control of On-site Recycled Water System

The goal is to minimize overspray and runoff and confine recycled water to the use area. In addition, to the extent possible, the operation of the irrigation system shall be during periods of minimal public use of the approved area. Such periods of operation shall remain within any general period of recycled water irrigation operation specified by the County.

Operation and control measures of onsite recycled water systems shall include, but not limited to, the following:

- a. On-site recycled water facilities shall be operated in such a manner to prevent or control surface flows or windblown sprays of recycled water across boundary lines, or into areas not approved for recycled water use.
- b. The system design shall avoid spray patterns that tend to accumulate recycled water to produce ponding and/or run-off on public rights-of-way or adjoining areas not approved for recycled water use.
- c. It is not practical to completely eliminate overspray or runoff. Excessive irrigation with recycled water which results in excessive runoff of recycled water, or continued irrigation of recycled water during periods of rain is prohibited.

4.3 WARNING SIGNS

Warning signs are required to inform the public that recycled water is being used. Signs shall be required at site entrances, any customer field office, maintenance building, or yard within the approved use area, except as required by the regulatory agencies on a case-by-case basis. Warning notices and labels shall be posted on designated facilities such as controller panels, quick couplers, or blowoff valves on trucks, and temporary construction facilities. The labels shall indicate that the system contains recycled water that is unsafe to drink or whatever other restrictions may apply. It shall be the responsibility of the Recycled Water Supervisor to ensure the required bilingual postings in English and Spanish are installed and maintained, and so placed that they can be readily seen by all personnel or public utilizing the facilities.

4.4 MONITORING AND INSPECTION

The County, the State DHS, and/or the Regional Water Quality Control Board, or authorized representatives of any of these agencies shall have authority to monitor and inspect the entire recycled water system including both on-site and off-site facilities. The SCWA shall conduct monitoring programs, as it deems necessary, to ensure that customer's recycled water facilities are being operated in accordance with these Rules and Regulations, including the provision that cross-connections between potable water facilities and the recycled water facilities do not exist. In carrying out these functions the County, the State DHS, and/or the Regional Water Quality Control Board, or authorized representatives of any or these agencies shall have the right to enter any customer's premises during reasonable hours upon presentation of proper credentials. Reasonable hours shall include hours when irrigation is being performed to ascertain whether the user is complying with the County's Rules and Regulations for Recycled Water. The customer shall indemnify and hold the County harmless for any damage, loss, or injury alleged to have been caused by County personnel while inspecting on-site facilities, except where the County's sole negligence is duly established.

Each time there is a change of either owner or customer on any commercial or industrial premises, the owner or customer shall notify the SCWA immediately. The SCWA will then reassess the level of protection required. Also, any alterations to existing on-site facilities that may affect required protection levels must be reported immediately to the County.

SECTION 5

RECYCLED WATER SERVICE RATES

5.1 GENERAL

All rates and fees are set by the Board of Directors of the Sacramento County Water Agency. The current rate and fee schedule is available from Consolidated Utility Billing.

Applicants for recycled water service shall pay their fair share for the construction of facilities needed to deliver recycled water to the applicant's property. All fees and estimated construction costs shall be paid prior to construction; however, the County may reimburse the applicant for a portion of the cost of such facilities as set in Section 5.4.

5.2 CHANGE OF RATES OR CHARGES

The County reserves the right to change the schedule of recycled water rates, service charges and any other charges, deposits, or fees at any time. These changes are subject to the terms of any existing recycled water service permits (and/or agreements) and will be made by appropriate action of the County.

5.3 TEMPORARY SERVICE

The charges for recycled water sold through temporary meters shall be billed and paid as specified by the SCWA.

5.4 FINANCIAL PARTICIPATION BY COUNTY

Under certain circumstances, the County may contribute to the cost of constructing the facilities needed to deliver recycled water to an applicant's property. Subject to the availability of funds, the County may:

- A. Reimburse an applicant for costs incurred to install oversized facilities.
- B. Elect to participate in or construct lateral lines, main lines, reservoirs, pumping stations or other facilities, as it determines necessary, and/or as funds are available.

APPENDIX A

DEFINITIONS

APPENDIX A

DEFINITIONS

AFY Acre-Feet per Year

Agricultural use Water used for the production of crops and/or livestock and the

preparation of these products for market.

Agricultural user Any person (as defined herein) engaged in irrigation of food,

fodder, fiber, seed, or nursery crops for commercial purposes.

<u>Air-Gap Separation</u> A physical break between a supply pipe and a receiving vessel.

The air gap shall be at least double the diameter of the supply pipe, measured vertically above the top rim of the vessel, and in no case

less than one inch.

ANSI American National Standards Institute.

Applicant Any persons, firm, corporation, association, or agency that applies

for recycled water service.

<u>Application rate</u> The rate, at which irrigation water is applied to a design or use

area, expressed in inches per hour.

Approved backflow

preventer

A device installed to protect the potable water supply from contamination by non-potable water, such as treated wastewater.

This device shall be approved by the State Department of Health

Services and the County.

Approved check valve A check valve that seats readily and completely. It must be

carefully machined to have free moving parts and assure water tightness. The face of the closure element and valve seat must be bronze or other noncorrodible material that will seat tightly under all prevailing conditions of field use. Pins and bushings shall be of bronze or other noncorrodible, nonsticking material. The closure element (e.g., clapper) shall be internally weighted or otherwise internally equipped to promote rapid and positive closure in all

sizes where this feature is obtainable.

Approved double check

valve assembly

An assembly of as least two independently acting approved check valves including tightly closing shut-off valves on each side of the

check valve assembly and suitable leak-detector drains plus

connections available for testing the water tightness of each check

valve.

<u>Approved use</u> An application of recycled water in a manner, and for a purpose,

designated in a user permit issued by the County and in

compliance with all applicable regulatory agency requirements.

Approved use area A site with well-defined boundaries designated in a Permit for

Recycled Water Service issued by the County to receive recycled water for an approved use and acknowledged by all applicable

regulatory agencies.

As built drawings Record drawings that show the completed facilities as constructed

or modified.

ASTM American Society for Testing Materials.

<u>Automatic system</u> Controllers, valves, and associated equipment used to program and

operate irrigation systems for the efficient application of recycled

water.

Auxiliary water supply Any water supply on or available to the premises other than the

County potable water or recycled water supplies.

AWWA American Water Works Association

Commercial use Water used for toilets, urinals, sewer trap priming, decorative

fountains, and other related uses.

Connection fee A fee imposed by the County for obtaining recycled water service

from the County by means of its recycled water facilities.

<u>Construction use</u> An approved use of non-potable water to support construction

activities such as soil compaction and dust control during grading.

<u>Contractor</u> A person, persons or firm entering into a legal agreement with the

agency or applicant for the performance of work on any portion of

facilities subject to these guidelines.

County The collective term used for the Sacramento County agencies

jointly responsible for the implementation of the water recycling

program. The agencies are: Sacramento Regional County

Sanitation District, Sacramento County Water Agency, and County

of Sacramento Environmental Management Department.

<u>Cross-connection</u> Any unapproved and/or unprotected connection between any part

of a potable water system and any source or system containing water or other substances not approved as safe and potable for

human consumption.

<u>Customer</u> Any person, group, firm, partnership, corporation, association, or

agency that legally receives and accepts recycled water service from the County facilities for use in accordance with these Rules and Regulations. Applicant, owner or users are terms that are to be

considered as customers.

<u>Design area</u> A site with well-defined boundaries, proposed to receive recycled

water for an approved use, as delineated in the Application for

Recycled Water Service.

DHS State of California Department of Health Services

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Direct beneficial use The use of recycled water, which has been transported from the

point of treatment or production to the point of use without an

intervening discharge to waters of the State.

<u>Discharge</u> Any release or distribution of recycled water to a use area or

disposal site/mechanism (e.g. outfall, stream discharge, municipal sewage system, etc.). All discharges of recycled water must be

approved by the regulatory agencies.

Dual or Multiple

<u>Water Systems</u> Systems that provide two or more grades of water to the same area

– one potable and the others non-potable. The quality, quantity, reliability and pressure available from each system vary with the

sources and intended uses for each grade of water.

EMD County of Sacramento Environmental Management Department.

<u>Effluent</u> Treated wastewater discharged from a Wastewater Treatment

plant.

General public Any person(s) at large who may come in contact with facilities

and/or areas where Nondomestic Water is approved for use.

<u>Gray water</u> All wastewater generated in the household, excluding toilet wastes

and kitchen sinks, and includes wastewater from the bathroom sinks, baths, showers, laundry facilities, and dishwashers.

Greenbelt areas Areas including, but not limited to, parkways, parks, rights-of-way

and landscaping within and/or surrounding a community.

HCF Hundred Cubic Feet. A common unit of water volume

measurement.

Industrial process water Water used in industrial facilities for rinsing, washing, cooling,

circulation, or construction.

Industrial use Water used for industrial processes such as cooling, flushing, or

construction, and other related uses.

<u>Infiltration rate</u> The rate at which water penetrates the soil surfaces and enters the

soil profile.

Inspector Any person(s) authorized to perform inspection of either onsite or

offsite facilities prior to construction, during construction, after

construction and during operation.

Installer A person(s) or firm performing work necessary to construct or

install equipment or facilities subject to these Regulations.

Landscape impoundment A body of water in which recycled water is stored or used for

aesthetic enjoyment or landscape irrigation, or which otherwise serves a similar function and is not intended to include public

contact.

Landscape irrigation/use Recycled water used for the propagation and maintenance of trees,

shrubs, ground cover and turf. This plant material is intended for erosion control and aesthetic value, not for resale/profit purposes.

Non-potable water Water that has not been treated for, or is not acceptable for, human

consumption in conformance with federal, state and local water

standards. Non-potable water includes recycled water.

Off-site facilities Existing of proposed facilities under the control of the County,

from the source of supply to the point of connection with the customer's on-site facilities, normally up to and including the

County's meter and meter box.

On-site facilities Existing or proposed facilities within property under the control of

the customer, normally downstream of the County's meter.

On-site recycled water A qualified person designated by a recycled water user and

<u>supervisor</u> approved by the County to be responsible for the safe and efficient

operation of the user's recycled water system. This person shall be knowledgeable in the construction and operation of irrigation systems and in the application of federal, state, and local

guidelines, criteria, standards and rules and regulations governing

the use of recycled water.

Operations personnel Any employee of a customer, whether permanent or temporary, or

any contracted worker whose regular or assigned work involves the supervision, operation for maintenance of equipment on any

portion of onsite facilities using nondomestic water.

Operator Any person(s) or firm, who by entering into an agreement with a

user is responsible for operating onsite facilities.

Owner Any holder of legal title, contract purchaser, or lessee under a lease

with an unexpired term of more than on (1) year, of property for

which nondomestic water service has been requested.

Permit A processed and approved application package to, and agreement

with, the County for recycled water service.

POC Point of connection.

Ponding Retention of piped water on the surface of the ground or man-made

surface for a period of time following the cessation of an approved recycled water use activity such that potential hazard to the public

health may result.

Potable water Water which conforms to the latest federal, state, and local

drinking water standards

PSI Pounds per square inch. The most common unit of pressure

measurement.

Purveyor An agency which supplies domestic or non-domestic water. The

Sacramento County Water Maintenance District is a purveyor.

<u>Recycled Water</u> As defined in Title 22, Division 4, of the California Administrative

Code, water that, as a result of treatment of wastewater, is suitable for direct beneficial use or a controlled use that otherwise would not occur. The treatment of wastewater is accomplished in

accordance with the criteria set for the in the code.

Recycled water facilities Systems, structures, etc. used in the treatment, storage, pumping,

transmission and distribution of recycled water.

Recreational impoundment A body of recycled water used for recreational activities including,

but not limited to, fishing, boating, and/or swimming. Allowable

uses will depend on treatment level of the recycled water.

Regulatory agency The California Regional Water Quality Control Board(s) that heve

jurisdiction over the recycling plant and use areas.

RPPD Reduced Pressure Principle Device. A backflow preventer

incorporating not less than two check valves, and automatically operated differential relief valve located between the two check valves, a tightly closing shut-off valve on each side of the check valve assembly, and equipped with necessary test cocks for testing.

<u>Run-off</u> Unintentional flow of water along either natural or manmade

surfaces of the ground off of the designated use area.

<u>RWQCB</u> Regional Water Quality Control Board.

Sacramento County Water Agency

Secondary effluent Wastewater which has been treated by gravity sedimentation to

remove settleable solids remaining after the primary biological

treatment process.

Service The delivery of recycled water to a user.

<u>Service connection</u> The County facilities between the County recycled water

distribution system and the customer's recycled water service valve, including, but not limited to, the meter, meter box, valves,

and piping equipment.

SRCSD Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District

Standard specifications Specifications adopted by the distributor for construction of water

and nondomestic water facilities.

<u>Tertiary effluent</u> Secondary effluent which has been disinfected and filtered. Full

body contact is not allowed unless certain requirements are fully

met.

Unauthorized discharge Any release of recycled water that violates these Rules and

Regulations or any applicable federal, state, or local statues, regulations, ordinances, contracts, or other requirements.

URP User Reclamation Plan

<u>Use area</u> An area of recycled water use with defined boundaries. A use area

may contain one or more facilities.

<u>User</u> Any person, group, firm, partnership, corporation, association or

agency accepting recycled water from the County recycled water facilities for use in accordance with these Rules and Regulations. Applicant, owner, or customers are terms that are to be considered

as users.

Violation Noncompliance with any condition or conditions of these

Regulations and/or a user permit by any person, action or

occurrence, whether willfully or by accident.

<u>Water Application Devices</u> Any mechanism or device that applies water at a predetermined rate onto a receiving area. Devices include, but are not limited to:

Impact sprinklers

- Pop-up sprinklers
- Rotor sprinklers
- Drip emitters
- Mini-micro-sprayers
- Bubblers
- Spinners
- Portables

<u>Windblown spray</u> Dispersed, airborne particles of water capable of being transmitted

through the air to a location other than that for which the direct

application of recycled water is approved.

Appendix A.doc A-6 May 14, 2007

APPENDIX B

SACRAMENTO COUNTY CODE CHAPTER 6.30

PROTECTION OF DRINKING WATER

TITLE 6 HEALTH AND SANITATION

Chapter 6.30 PROTECTION OF DRINKING WATER

6.30.010 Purpose.

6.30.020 Definitions.

6.30.030 Protection of Public Water System at Service Connection.

<u>6.30.040 Customer Responsibility.</u>

6.30.050 Application for Certification.

6.30.060 Certification of Testers.

6.30.070 Certification Renewal.

<u>6.30.080 Certification Suspension or Revocation.</u>

6.30.090 Authority to Inspect.

6.20.100 Testing and Reports.

6.30.110 Existing Backflow Prevention Assemblies.

6.30.120 Enforcement.

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6.30.010 Purpose.

The purposes of this chapter are (1) To protect public water systems against actual or potential cross-connections by isolating within premises, contamination or pollution that may occur because of undiscovered or unauthorized cross-connections on premises; (2) To eliminate existing connections between public water systems and other sources of water that are not approved as safe and potable for human consumption; (3) To prevent the making of cross-connections in the future; (4) To encourage the exclusive use of public water systems

as sources of water supply.

It is the intent of this chapter to recognize that there are varying degrees of hazard and to apply the principle that the degree of protection should be commensurate with the degree of hazard. (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

6.30.020 Definitions.

The meanings of terms used in this chapter are as follows:

- 1. "Air-Gap Separation" shall mean a physical separation between the discharge end of a potable water supply pipeline and an open or non-pressure receiving vessel. An "approved airgap separation" shall be at least double the diameter of the supply pipe measured vertically above the overflow rim of the receiving vessel and in no case shall be less than one inch.
- 2. "Approved," as herein used in reference to a public water system, shall mean a water supply that has been approved by the health agency having jurisdiction; or, as herein used in reference to backflow prevention assemblies, shall mean approval by the Department.
- 3. "Approved Testing Laboratory" shall mean a person or entity that is competent and possesses the necessary facilities, as determined by the Department, to investigate and evaluate backflow prevention assemblies.
- 4. "Atmospheric Vacuum Breaker (non-pressure)" shall mean a backflow prevention device containing a shut-off valve followed by a valve body containing a float-check, a check seat and an air inlet port.
- 5. "Auxiliary Water System" shall mean any water supply on or available to a Customer's premises other than an approved public water system.
- 6. "Backflow" shall mean the undesirable reversal of the flow of water or any mixture of water and other liquid, gas or other substance into the distribution pipes of a public water system from any source or sources.
- 7. "Certified Backflow Prevention Assembly Tester" shall mean a person who has been certified by the Health Officer as having the necessary training and competence to test backflow prevention assemblies.
- 8. "Cross-Connection" shall mean any unprotected actual or potential connection or structural arrangement between any part of a public water system used or intended to supply water for human consumption, and any source or system containing used water, industrial fluid, gas or other substance that is not or cannot be approved as safe, wholesome and potable for human consumption.
- 9. "Customer" shall mean any person or entity to whom water is furnished or sold from an approved public water system.
- 10. "Department" shall mean the Department of Health for the County of Sacramento.
- 11. "Double Check Valve Assembly" shall mean a backflow prevention device incorporating two, single, independently acting check valves, a shut-off valve at each end of the device and necessary appurtenances for testing as required by the Department.
- 12. "Health Officer" shall mean the Health Officer for the County of Sacramento or a designated representative of the Health Officer.
- 13. "Hearing Officer" shall mean the Health Officer for the County of Sacramento or a designated representative of the Health Officer.
- 14. "Pressure Vacuum Breaker Assembly" shall mean a backflow prevention device incorporating one or two independently operating, loaded check valve(s), an independently operating loaded air inlet valve, a shut-off valve at each end of the device and necessary

appurtenances for testing as required by the Department.

- 15. "Public Water System" shall mean any potable water supply approved by, or under the public health supervision of, a public health agency of the State of California or the County of Sacramento.
- 16. "Reduced Pressure Principle Assembly" shall mean a backflow prevention device incorporating two independently acting check valves, a hydraulically operating, mechanically independent pressure relief valve, a shut-off valve at each end of the device and necessary appurtenances for testing as require by the Department.
- 17. "Service Connection" shall mean the point at which the public water system piping ends and the water system piping of the Customer begins. If a meter is installed as part of the public water system, then the term 'service connection' shall mean the downstream end of the meter.
- 18. "Water Purveyor" shall mean any person, corporation, public utility, municipality, district or other agency or institution that operates a public water system. (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

6.30.030 Protection of Public Water System at Service Connection.

A. Where Protection is Required:

- 1. Protection shall be required at each service connection from a public water system that supplies water to premises having an auxiliary water system.
- 2. Protection shall be required at each service connection from a public water system that supplies water to premises on which any substance is or may be handled in such a manner as to permit entry into a public water system, including water originating from a public water system which is or may be subjected to deterioration in sanitary quality.
- 3. Protection shall be required at each service connection to any premises that has cross-connections unless such cross-connections are abated to the satisfaction of the Department.
- B. Type of Protection: The type of protection required shall be commensurate with the degree of hazard. In determining the degree of hazard and the type of protection required, the following criteria shall be used:
- 1. At each service connection to any premises where there exists an auxiliary water system with no known cross-connections, the public water system shall be protected by an approved double check valve backflow prevention assembly or an approved reduced pressure principle backflow prevention assembly.
- 2. At each service connection to any premises on which there is an auxiliary water system where cross-connections are known to exist, the public water system shall be protected by an approved reduced pressure principle backflow prevention assembly.
- 3. At each service connection to any premises on which an objectionable but non-hazardous substance is, or may be, handled in such a manner as to permit entry into a public water system, the public water system shall be protected by an approved double check valve backflow prevention assembly or an approved reduced pressure principle backflow prevention assembly.
- 4. At each service connection to any premises on which any hazardous substance is or may be handled in such a manner as to permit entry into a public water system, the public water system shall be protected by an approved air-gap separation. The air-gap shall be located as close as practicable to the service cock and all piping between the service cock and any receiving vessel shall be visible. If these conditions cannot reasonably be met, the public water system shall be protected by an approved reduced pressure principle backflow

prevention assembly, provided that this alternative is acceptable to the Department.

5. At each service connection to any sewage treatment plant or sewage pumping station, the public water system shall be protected by an approved air-gap separation. The air-gap shall be located as close as practicable to the service cock and all piping between the service cock and any receiving vessel shall be visible. If these conditions cannot reasonably be met, the public water system shall be protected by an approved reduced pressure principle backflow prevention assembly, provided that this alternative is acceptable to the Department. (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

6.30.040 Customer Responsibility.

It shall be the responsibility of each Customer to furnish, and install in a manner approved by the Department, and keep in good working order and safe condition, any and all backflow prevention assemblies as required by this Chapter. The County of Sacramento shall not be responsible for any loss or damage directly or indirectly resulting from or caused by any improper or negligent installation, operation, use, repair or maintenance of, or interfering with, any backflow prevention assembly, required by this Chapter, by any Customer or any other person. (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

6.30.050 Application for Certification.

Any person desiring certification as a backflow prevention assembly tester shall make written application to the Department on a form provided by, and in a manner prescribed by the Department. Each application shall be accompanied by a fee, in an amount to be set by resolution of the Board of Supervisors. Said fee shall not be refundable or transferable. (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

6.30.060 Certification of Testers.

The Health Officer may conduct examinations to determine the competency of applicants to test backflow prevention assemblies. Those persons determined to be competent by the Health Officer shall be issued a "Certificate of Competence." Any conditions or limitations imposed by the Health Officer on the examinee relative to the testing of backflow prevention assemblies shall be stated upon the face of the certificate as issued to the examinee. Every person, after receiving a certificate of competence from the Health Officer shall be issued such identification as the Department shall deem appropriate; and such identification shall be kept in the immediate possession of every person holding a certificate of competence while said person is testing any backflow prevention assembly within the County of Sacramento. Said certificate shall be valid for three (3) years commencing with the year in which it is issued. (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

6.30.070 Certification Renewal.

A certificate of competence may be renewed for an additional three (3) year period within

ninety (90) days of the date of expiration. Any person desiring certification renewal shall make written application to the Department on a form provided by, and in a manner prescribed by the Department. The Health Officer may conduct examinations to determine the competency of applicants to test backflow prevention assemblies. Each application shall be accompanied by a fee, in an amount to be set by resolution of the Board of Supervisors. Said fee shall not be refundable or transferable. (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

6.30.080 Certification Suspension or Revocation.

- 1. If the Department determines that a certificate holder has failed to comply with any requirement of this Chapter, the Department shall issue to the certificate holder, a written notice setting forth the acts or omissions with which the certificate holder is charged, and informing the certificate holder of their right to a hearing to show cause why the certificate of competence should not be suspended or revoked. A written request for a hearing shall be made by the certificate holder within 15 calendar days after receipt of the notice. A failure to request a hearing shall be made by the certificate holder within 15 calendar days after receipt of the notice. A failure to request a hearing within 15 calendar days after receipt of the notice shall be deemed a waiver of the right to hearing and the certificate of competence may be suspended or revoked.
- 2. The hearing shall be conducted within 15 calendar days of the receipt of a request for a hearing. Upon written request of the certificate holder, the Hearing Officer may postpone any hearing date, if circumstances warrant such action.
- 3. At the conclusion of the hearing, the Hearing Officer shall issue a written notice of decision to the certificate holder within five working days following the hearing. In the event of a suspension or revocation, the notice shall specify the acts or omissions with which the certificate holder is charged, and shall state the terms of the suspension or that the certificate of competence has been revoked.
- 4. Upon revocation of a certificate of competence, the former certificate holder shall not be allowed to make application for a certificate of competence for a period of three (3) years after the revocation date. (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

6.30.090 Authority to Inspect.

The Customer's premises shall be available for inspection at all reasonable times to authorized representatives of the Health Officer to determine if protection of the public water system is required at the service connection(s). (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

6.20.100 Testing and Reports.

- 1. Any Customer at whose service connection(s) any backflow prevention assemblies are installed, shall have each such assembly tested at the time of installation and annually thereafter or more often as the Health Officer may require. All such tests shall be conducted by a certified backflow prevention assembly tester. Backflow prevention assemblies shall be repaired or replaced at the expense of the Customer whenever they are found to be defective.
- 2. Reports of tests of backflow prevention assemblies shall be filed with the Department within

twenty (20) days after said tests are conducted. The Department shall accept said reports from only those persons who possess a valid certificate of competence as issued by the Health Officer. (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

6.30.110 Existing Backflow Prevention Assemblies.

- 1. Backflow prevention assemblies in service at the time of adoption of this Chapter which do not comply with the provisions of this Chapter, may continue in use until such time as the assembly is determined to be defective.
- 2. Any such assembly that is determined to be defective shall be replaced by an assembly that complies with the provisions of this Chapter. (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

6.30.120 Enforcement.

The Health Officer, or an authorized representative, shall have the authority to enforce this Chapter.

The Health Officer may require a Water Purveyor to discontinue water service to any premises wherein violations of this Chapter exist. Any Customer who violates any of the provisions of this Chapter, or later bypasses or renders inoperative any backflow prevention assembly installed under the provisions of this Chapter may, in addition to other penalties prescribed, be subject to discontinuance of water service. Water service shall not again be rendered until such violations have been corrected as ascertained by the Department. Any violation of the provisions of this Chapter or rules and regulations promulgated thereof, shall be an infraction, punishable by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars (25) nor more than five hundred dollars (500). Each day that a violation exists shall constitute a separate and distinct offense. (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

6.30.130 Rules and Regulations.

The Health Officer is authorized to make all necessary and reasonable rules and regulations with respect to the enforcement of this Chapter. All such rules and regulations shall be consistent with the provisions of this Chapter and shall be effective thirty (30) days after being filed with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors. (SCC 676 § 1, 1987.)

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APPENDIX C

COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY IMPROVEMENT STANDARDS

County of Sacramento Public Works Agency

Improvement Standards June 1, 1999



Warren Harada, Administrator Public Works Agency

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Sacramento County Public Works Agency

Improvement Standards June 1999

Contents

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Section 2	General Requirements
Section 3	Improvement Plan Requirements
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Section 8	Domestic Water Supply System
Section 9	Storm Drainage Design
Section 10	Grading
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Section 12	Survey Monuments

Note: Drawings immediately follow each section

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MARCH 2	3 1999
MARCH 25	, 1999

RESOLUTION No.

99-0326

Resolution of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Sacramento, State of California Adopting Improvements Standards, Repealing Resolution 89-0379

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisor of the County of Sacramento, State of California deems is necessary and advisable in the public's interest to revise the existing Improvement Standards governing the design and construction of roads, streets, sanitary sewers, storm drainage, concrete structures, water supply, street lighting, land grading, and other facilities within the County of Sacramento to provide for proper development;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED AND ORDERED that the attached Improvement Standards dated June 1, 1999, for said improvements are hereby adopted on this date as the Sacramento County Improvement Standards; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED AND ORDERED that any Improvements Standard previously adopted pursuant to Resolution 89-0379 shall not apply to any improvement plans that are received for checking beyond May 31, 1999; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED AND ORDERED that these Improvement Standards shall be in full force and effect for all Improvements Plans received for checking on and after June 1, 1999.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED AND ORDERED that the Improvement Standards and Standard Drawings adopted herein, together with the Standard Construction Specifications and the references included therein to the Standard Specifications of the State of California shall govern the design and construction of improvements in Sacramento County.

SECTION 8

WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS

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DRAWINGS

8-1 INTRODUCTION

These improvement standards govern the design of all water systems intended for operation and maintenance by the County of Sacramento. The County of Sacramento provides retail water service through the Sacramento County Water Maintenance District, and wholesales water through zones of the Sacramento County Water Agency.

8-2 INTENT OF WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENT STANDARDS

The intent of these water system improvement standards is to provide water systems that reliably and safely conveys water at a reasonable capital cost and to provide water systems that minimize operation and maintenance costs.

8-3 DEFINITIONS

When the following terms or titles are used in these water system improvement standards, or in any document or instrument where these standards govern, the intent and meaning shall be as herein defined:

- > AWWA American Water Works Association.
- ➤ LD & SIR Land Development and Site Improvement Review Section of the Building Inspection Division of the Department of County Engineering of the County of Sacramento's Public Works Agency.
- > Recycled Water Non-potable water for irrigation use only.
- ➤ Water Agency Shall mean the Sacramento County Water Agency.
- > Water District Shall mean the Sacramento County Water Maintenance District.
- ➤ Water Supply Shall mean the Planning and Development Section and Water Maintenance Section of the Water Resources Division of the Department of District Engineering of the County of Sacramento's Public Works Agency.
- ➤ Water System Refers to potable, raw water, and recycled (reclaimed) water systems.

8-4 APPLICABLE STANDARDS

Pertinent, and the most current requirements of the following agencies and standards shall apply to design of water systems. In case of conflict between the requirements of these water system improvement standards and the agencies and documents listed below, these improvement standards shall govern. Upon request, Water Supply will advise where these standards may be obtained:

Environmental Protection Agency Drinking Water Regulations.

- Laws, codes, and Standards of the State of California, Department of Health Services relating to Domestic Water Supply.
- The County of Sacramento Public Works Agency Nonpotable (Recycled) Water Specifications.
- Standard Construction Specifications of the County of Sacramento, Department of Public Works.
- General Order No. 103 of the California Public Utilities Commission.
- Title 17, Chapter V. Sections 7583-7622, California Administrative Code, and County Ordinance No. 676 regarding cross-connections and backflow prevention.
- Uniform Fire Code.
- Ordinance No. 18 of the Sacramento County Water Agency where applicable within zones of the Water Agency.

8-5 IMPROVEMENT PLAN SUBMITTAL

Improvement plans for developments that will be served retail water by the Water District or wholesale water by the Water Agency shall be reviewed by Water Supply. Improvement plans shall meet the requirements of Section 2 — General Requirements, of these Improvement Standards. The initial submittal of improvement plans shall be made to LD & SIR in accordance with Section 2-5 Initial Plan Submittal Requirements, of these Improvement Standards. Of the sets submitted to LD & SIR, LD & SIR will route two (2) sets to Water Supply.

If improvement plans for commercial, industrial, or apartment developments, or street improvements will have landscaping, two complete sets of landscape plans must be sent to Water Agency for their review and approval. Any landscape project such as a park, or landscape corridor that will be served water by the Water District or wholesaled water by the Water Agency shall have landscape plans reviewed and approved by Water Supply.

Commercial, Industrial, or Apartment developments must also submit a completed Cross Connection Control Questionnaire to Water Supply.

8-6 APPROVAL OF IMPROVEMENT PLANS

All improvement plans and landscape plans to be served by the Water District or the Water Agency must be approved and signed by an authorized representative of the Water Agency or Water District. The following must occur before the plans can be approved:

- All comments made by Water Supply to the improvement plans must be addressed.
- The Fire Department must approve and sign the improvement plans.
- The location of all wells in use and all abandoned wells must be shown on the improvement plans, and properly destroyed in accordance with the requirements of the Sacramento County Environmental Management Department. Copies of well destruction permits for all destroyed wells must be provided to Water Supply before obtaining plan approval from Water Supply.
- If the project is within Zone 40 of the Water Agency, initial Zone 40 Water Development Fees must be paid. Initial development fees shall be in accordance

with Schedule A of Ordinance No. 18 of the Sacramento County Water Agency and are to be paid at LD & SIR.

Five sets of improvement plans and three sets of landscape plans shall be delivered directly to Water Supply after all approvals have been obtained and prior to beginning of construction.

8-7 IMPROVEMENT PLAN REVISION

All plan revisions that affect a water system to be maintained and operated by the Water District shall be approved and signed by an authorized representative of Water Supply prior to being approved by LD & SIR.

8-8 CONNECTION PERMITS AND FEES

A water connection permit shall be obtained for each connection to the water system. Contact Water Supply for information concerning Water Agency and Water District fees.

8-9 WATER SUPPLY QUALITY

The quality of the potable water supplied by the Water Agency will conform to the Environmental Protection Agency Drinking Water Act, and the State Department of Health Services Drinking Water Standards.

8-10 WATER SUPPLY PRESSURE

Water distribution systems shall be designed so that normal operating pressures at service connections to the distribution system are no less than 35 pounds per square inch (psi) and no more than 100 psi. During periods of maximum day domestic demand plus fire demand, the pressure shall not be less than 20 psi at the location of the fire flow and no less than 5 psi anywhere in the distribution system.

8-11 WATER DEMAND

For the design of water distribution systems serving single family residential areas, assume the water demand is one gallon per minute per residential connection (maximum day demand) plus fire flow. For the design of water distribution systems serving commercial areas, water demand shall be determined in consultation with the Water Agency. Water Supply may require that some distribution mains be upsized in accordance with approved Water Agency or Water District Master Water Supply Plans.

8-12 FIRE FLOWS

Required fire flows shall be determined by the Uniform Fire Code, the fire protection district having jurisdiction, and the County of Sacramento. The minimum fire flow for single family residential water systems is 1,500 gpm. The minimum fire flow for commercial/industrial water systems is 3,000 gpm.

8-13 WELLS, TREATMENT PLANT AND STORAGE FACILITY DESIGN

Water Supply will either design or provide design oversight of wells, treatment plants, booster pumping plants, and storage facilities.

In general, all developments must have a minimum of two (2) sources of water. If adequate elevated or ground level storage is provided, a single source of water system may be acceptable upon approval by Water Supply and the local fire district.

Site selection for the above mentioned facilities shall be approved by Water Supply and meet the requirements of the Environmental Health Division of the County Environmental Management Department, and the State Department of Health Services.

8-14 TRANSMISSION MAIN DESIGN

Sizing of transmission mains shall conform to Master Water Supply Plans of the Water Agency or Water District.

Technical specifications and detail drawings for water transmission mains will be prepared by Water Supply and given to the Consultant to be included with the improvement plans.

Under no circumstances shall fire hydrants or water services be directly connected to a transmission main.

A. Transmission System Layout Requirement

The transmission main layout requirements on the Improvement Plans shall be as follows:

- 1. The transmission mains shall be shown in full in plan and profile views, including valves, air relief/vacuum valve assemblies, blow off assemblies, and all other appurtenances.
- 2. Elevations shall be listed at all changes in slope.
- 3. Transmission mains shall maintain a minimum vertical clearance from all other utilities of 12-inches (1 foot).
- 4. Thrust restraint shall be by means of pipe joint restraining devices only; thrust blocks shall not be used unless authorized by Water Supply.

B. Transmission Main Location

All transmission mains shall be installed within public rights-of-way and easements.

1. The water transmission main shall be located on the north or west side of a street. The water transmission main shall be located at a minimum of four feet from the lip of gutter. The transmission main and valve actuators will be located so that the valve boxes will be located in the center of a traffic lane or on traffic lane lines. A deviation from these criteria may be allowed if approved by Water Supply in consultation with other affected utility providers.

- 2. Water transmission mains shall not be located within Landscape corridors, unless approved by Water Supply as a result of unresolvable conflicts with other utilities.
- 3. Ten (10) feet shall be the minimum horizontal separation between water transmission mains and sanitary sewer mains or recycled water mains. Separation may be less if it is accordance with California State Department of Health Services requirements and approved by Water Supply. Every attempt should be made to keep the bottom of the water transmission main at a higher elevation than the sewer main or recycled water main.
- 4. When crossing a sanitary sewer force main, it shall be specified that the water main be installed a minimum of three (3) feet above the sewer line and be of cast iron or ductile iron.
- 5. Minimum cover under roadways shall be 36 inches for PVC pipe and AWWA C303 pipe, and 30 inches for ductile iron pipe.
- 6. Minimum cover in open fields shall be 60 inches for PVC pipe and AWWA C303 pipe, and 48 inches for ductile iron pipe.

8-15 DISTRIBUTION MAIN DESIGN

Sizing of distribution mains shall be such that the normal pressures stated in Section 8-10 and the minimum requirements as stated below for distribution main spacing and sizing are maintained.

The Hazen-Williams formula shall be used in the hydraulic study of the system, using a "C" value of 125 for cement-lined pipe, polyvinyl chloride pipe, and ductile iron pipe.

A Hardy-Cross hydraulic analysis of any proposed distribution system shall be supplied to Water Supply upon request. In design of the system, the maximum assumed delivery from any hydrant of a type conforming to current County Standard Construction Specifications shall be assumed to be limited to 1,500 gallons per minute.

A. Distribution Main Design Plan Requirements

The water distribution main design plan requirements on the Improvement Plans shall be as follows:

1. The distribution main shall be shown in plan and profile. A water plan sheet shall be included as part of the improvement plans, showing locations of valves, fire hydrants, existing water lines, air release/vacuum valves, blow off valves, and water services. The scale of the water plan should be 1"=100', however, the scale of the water plan may be 1"=200' if the 1"=100' scale does not fit on one plan sheet. For commercial and apartment plans, a water plan that fits onto one sheet shall be provided as part of the improvement plans.

- 2. Details of distribution mains crossing other utilities or unusual alignments will be provided if deemed necessary by Water Supply.
- 3. This paragraph shall be included on the water plan sheet of improvement plans for developments that will be served retail water by the Water District. Polyvinyl Chloride distribution mains shall have 4 inches of sand bedding material. If existing soil is too porous to hold sand, 4 inches of crushed aggregate or a geotextile fabric placed on the trench bottom and covered with 4 inches of sand may be used. The use, and type of geotextile, and crushed aggregate must be approved by the Water Agency.
- 4. This paragraph and the following paragraph shall be included on the water plan sheet of improvement plans for developments that will be served retail water by the Water District. Ductile Iron distribution mains shall have six (6) inches of sand bedding. If existing soil is too porous to hold sand, a geotextile fabric placed on the trench bottom and covered with 6 inches of sand may be used. The use, and type of geotextile, must be approved by the Water Agency. Ductile Iron distribution mains shall have sand backfill to six (6) inches above the top of the distribution main. The Ductile Iron distribution main shall be encased in 8 mil polyethylene encasement in accordance with AWWA C105.

Bedding and backfill for both ductile iron pipe and polyvinyl chloride pipe shall be compacted to 90% relative compaction. Grooves shall be dug in the pipe bedding to accommodate pipe bells, fittings, and joints so that the pipe is continuously supported by the bedding material.

- 5. Stationing for all fittings, shut off valves, air release/vacuum valves, and in line blow-off valves shall be called-out in the profile view of the improvement plan sheets. Elevations shall be called-out at all changes in pipe elevation.
- 6. Commercial, industrial, and apartment Improvement Plans with a water easement shall have a note that states, "Utilities may not be located within water easement(s) except if the utility crosses the water easement within 20 degrees of perpendicular to the water main."

B. Distribution Main Location

All water distribution mains shall be installed within public rights-of-way or easements.

1. The centerline of the water distribution main shall be located three (3) feet from the lip of the gutter on the northerly or westerly side of the street. A deviation from this criteria may be allowed if approved by Water Supply in consultation with other affected utility providers.

If it should be necessary because of existing improvements or possible conflict with other utilities, and with the approval of Water Supply, the distribution mains may be

installed within a 15 foot wide easement immediately adjacent to and behind the property line fronting on the public right-of-way.

- 2. If it is necessary to install a water distribution main within a private road, the water easement shall be the width of the paving plus one foot each side. Water easements over water distribution mains located on commercial, industrial, or apartment properties shall have a minimum width of 15 feet. The water main shall be centered in the easement.
- 3. If it is necessary to install a water distribution main within a landscape corridor, then no trees shall be planted within five feet of the water main. The water distribution main shall be centered within a 15 foot wide water easement. The landscape plans for the corridor shall be submitted prior to approval of the improvement plans.
- 4. If a water distribution main is required to be installed between residential homes, the pipe material shall be Class 350 Ductile Iron Pipe, installed with 6 inches of sand bedding, 8-mils of polyvinyl encasement in accordance with AWWA C105, backfilled with sand to 6 inches above the top of the pipe, and a 6 inch wide warning tape shall be placed on the backfill. The center of the main shall be centered within a 15 foot wide easement.
- 5. Ten (10) feet shall be the minimum horizontal distance between parallel water distribution and sanitary sewer mains or recycled water mains. The water distribution main shall be higher than the sewer main or recycled water main. Separation may be less if it is accordance with California State Department of Health Services requirements and approved by Water Supply.
- 6. On all utility crossings, the water distribution main shall maintain a separation at least 12-inches (1 foot) from the utility.
- 7. When crossing a sanitary sewer force main, it shall be specified that the water distribution main be installed a minimum of three (3) feet above the sewer line and be ductile iron.
- 8. Water distribution mains to be installed in public right-of-ways or easements not conforming to Items 1 through 5 above shall be approved by Water Supply in consultation with other affected utility providers.

C. Distribution Main Layout and Sizing

The distribution system, whenever possible, shall be in grid form so that pressures throughout the system tend to become equalized under varying rates and locations of maximum demand, and to provide system redundancy. The minimum pressures and

flows as specified shall govern design of the system. The following conditions are to be considered for the distribution system design:

- 1. In general, the minimum pipe size shall be eight inches inside diameter for looped systems, and six inches for dead end runs that do not have a fire hydrant at the end, or for all dead end runs less than 50 feet.
- 2. Where distribution mains are installed in a major thoroughfare (84 feet right-of-way or greater), dual mains (one pipeline on each side of the street) may be required.
- 3. Mains shall maintain a minimum cover of 30-inches (36-inches in rights-of-way 50 feet and greater), and when not avoiding other utilities mains shall have a maximum depth of 60-inches, unless otherwise specified by Water Supply. Both distances shall be measured from gutter flow-line.

D. Distribution Main Pipe Restraint

Pipes shall be restrained from movement as a result of thrust on the fittings and valves of the water system. Thrust restraint for bends and tees may be accomplished with thrust blocks as described in Drawing 8-3A, or by means of pipe joint restraining devices as described in Drawing 8-3B. Thrust blocks must be poured against undisturbed soil.

E. Type of Distribution Main Pipe and Pipe Deflection

Pipe used in the construction of water distribution systems shall be Polyvinyl Chloride or Ductile Iron pipe. Pipe deflection at joints shall not exceed one-half of the manufacturer's recommended deflection. Deflection and bending of Polyvinyl Chloride pipe shall not exceed the limits described in Drawing 8-9.

8-16 WATER SYSTEM APPURTENANCES

Water system appurtenances include fire hydrants, water service lines, water meters, detector check valves, and back-flow devices.

A. Fire Hydrants and Blow-off Assemblies

Fire hydrants and blow-off assemblies shall be located as follows:

- 1. Fire hydrants shall be connected to distribution mains only. Fire hydrants shall not be connected to transmission mains.
- 2. Fire hydrants shall be placed at street intersections wherever possible, and located to minimize the hazard of damage by traffic. They shall have a maximum normal spacing of 500 feet measured along the street frontage in residential developments, 300 feet in commercial developments, or closer if deemed necessary by the local Fire District. Hydrants located at intersections shall be installed at the curb return. Within residential areas, all other hydrants shall be located on property lines between lots. See Drawings 8-2A and 8-2B for specifications and typical installation details.

- 3. The minimum size main serving a fire hydrant shall be six inches in diameter, however in this situation, the distance from the nearest intersecting main to the hydrant shall not be greater than 50 feet if fire flow requirements are 1500 gpm, or 10 feet if fire flow requirements are greater then 1500 gpm. Not more than one hydrant shall be placed on a six-inch main between intersecting water mains. The pipeline connecting the hydrant and the main shall be a minimum of six-inch in diameter, with a gate valve flange connected to the main.
- 4. A fire hydrant or four (4)-inch blow-off assembly shall be installed on all permanent dead-end runs including cul-de-sacs. If the local Fire District requires a hydrant at the end of a dead-end run, then a 4-inch Blow-off assembly will not be allowed. Two-inch Blow-off valves shall be used if dead-end runs are temporary. Wherever possible, the blow-off assemblies shall be installed in the street right-of-way, a minimum distance of three (3) feet from the lip of gutter. In no case shall the location be such that there is a possibility of back-siphonage into the distribution system. See Drawings 8-12, and 8-13 for specifications and typical installation details.

B. Water Service Lines

Service lines from the water distribution main to the property line or edge of easement shall normally be installed at the time the main is constructed. Services from mains installed in private roads shall extend one foot beyond the edge of the pavement. Service line criteria shall be as follows:

- 1. In all new subdivisions, the service line shall be located between 9 inches and 30 inches from the side property line.
- 2. Normal size of a residential service line shall be one inch. Schools, commercial, industrial, or multiple-family units with higher water demand shall be provided with larger service lines, subject to approval of Water Supply. All services shall be installed with a corporation stop at the main and a curb stop or gate valve at the property line. The curb stop shall be used only when the service is less then 4 inches. A gate valve shall be used if the service size is 4 inches or larger. Installation of a valve box is required over all gate valves.
- 3. The Water Quality Division Maintenance Section shall make all water service taps into existing mains upon application for a permit and payment of the required fees. A note to this effect shall be placed on the plan sheet which details the area that requires such tapping. Application should be made to Sacramento County of Public Works Agency and the required fees paid at least five (5) days in advance of the time the tap is desired. The Contractor shall do all excavation and backfill, and the installation of the remainder of the water service. (Note: The above applies only when the service is constructed as a part of an improvement contract. For rules regarding the installation of an individual water service, contact Water District at 875-7014.)

C. Water Meters

Water meters shall be installed on all residential, commercial, industrial, multi-family, and irrigation water services. Residential meters and meter boxes will be installed by the builder after building permits are issued, not when water service lines are installed. Size of water meter shall not be less than the size of the service line unless approved by Water Supply. See Drawings 8-6A, 8-6B, and 8-6C for specifications and typical installation details.

D. Detector-Check Valves

A detector-check valve and bypass meter is required on each fire service line into a building. See Drawing 8-7 for specifications and typical installation details.

E. Back-Flow Devices

Back-flow devices are required in accordance with Title 17, Chapter V, and Sections 7583-7622 of the California Administrative Code. See Drawings 8-8A and 8-8B for specifications and typical installation details.

F. Air Release/Vacuum Valve Assemblies

Air release/vacuum valve assemblies are requires at high points in a distribution system as determined by Water Supply. See Drawing 8-14 for specifications and typical installation details.

8-17 RECYCLED WATER AND NON-POTABLE WATER TRANSMISSION MAINS AND DISTRIBUTION MAINS

Recycled water and non-potable water facilities may be required by the Water Agency or Water District for use in specified areas as determined by Water Supply. Design flows and demands for recycled and non-potable water systems shall be determined by the Water Agency. Design requirements for recycled water and non-potable water transmission mains and distribution mains are similar to potable water; however, there are special provisions described as follows:

- To avoid cross connection of the potable and non-potable water systems, recycled
 water and non-potable facilities shall be clearly marked through appropriate
 coloring of pipe materials and above ground appurtenances.
- 2. All materials and work shall be in accordance with the latest edition of the Sacramento County Standard Construction Specifications for the construction of potable water systems. Because recycled water and non-potable facilities are not specifically addressed in the Standard Construction Specifications, special construction requirements shall be obtained from Water Supply.
- Coloring of pipes shall be colored purple and embossed or integrally stamped/marked "CAUTION: NONPOTABLE WATER - DO NOT DRINK", or "CAUTION: NONPOTABLE WATER - DO NOT DRINK". Valve and meter

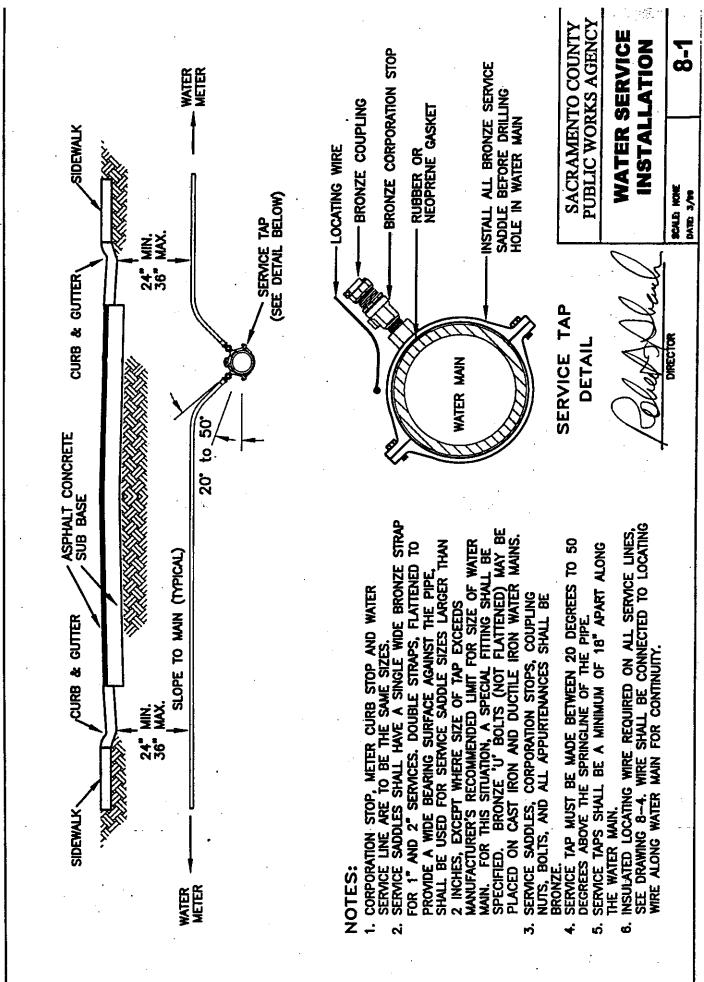
- boxes shall be colored purple and have the words "NONPOTABLE WATER" stamped into the face.
- 4. All above ground facilities shall be marked with a sign to caution against drinking water from the recycled water system. All signs shall be made and placed in such a manner as to become a permanent part of the facility or appurtenance. Park sites, large turf areas, and other publicly used areas may require warning signs of the appropriate size as determined by Water Supply or other regulatory agency.
- 5. The recycled water system shall maintain a minimum pressure of 40 psi.
- 6. The recycled and non-potable water mains shall be located on the south and east side of a street. The recycled and non-potable water mains shall be located at a minimum of four feet from the lip of gutter. The recycled and non-potable water mains and valve actuators will be located in the center of traffic lanes or on traffic lane lines. A deviation from these criteria may be allowed if approved by Water Supply in consultation with other affected utility providers.

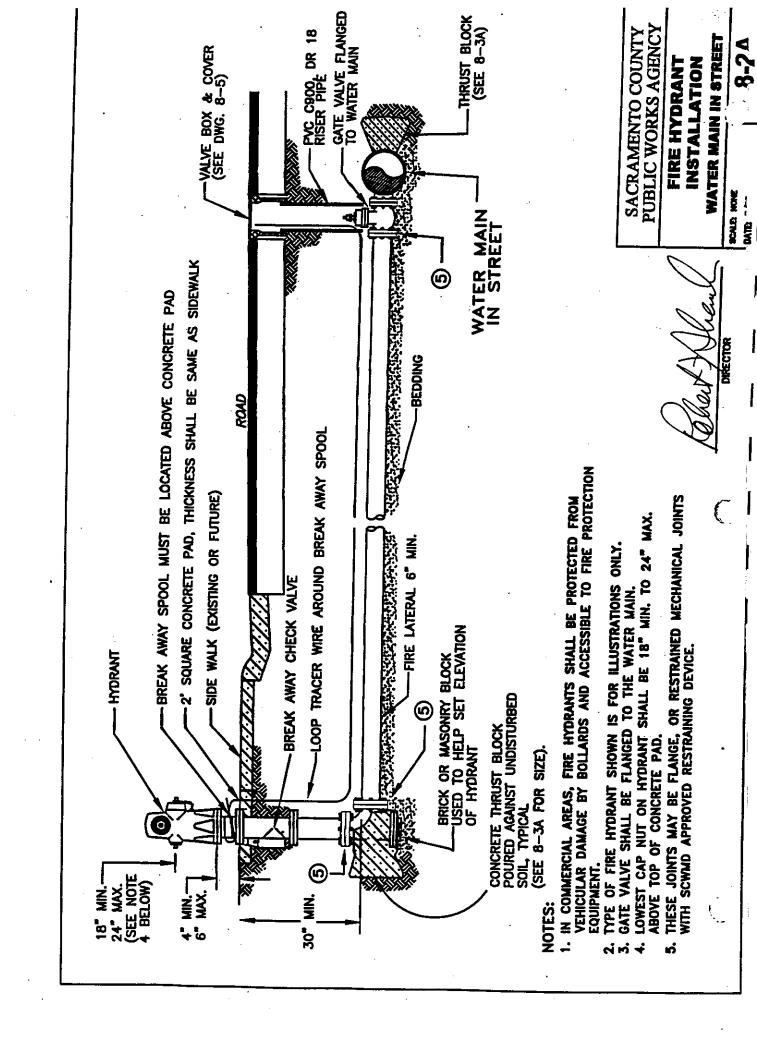
8-18 RECORD PLANS

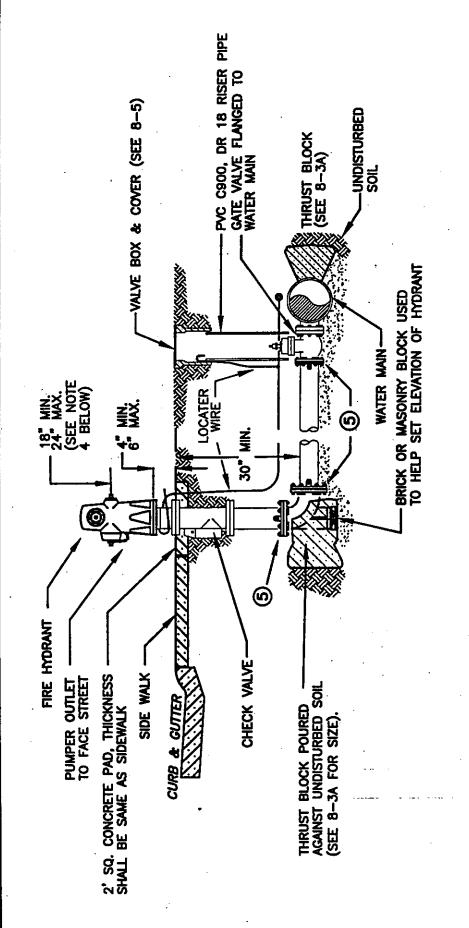
Record Drawings shall be in accordance with Section 2-11 Record Plans of these improvement standards and shall also include the following:

- 1. Each sheet of the improvement plan shall be labeled or stamped "As-Built" or "Record Drawing".
- 2. Elevations of the top of the end of distribution mains and transmission mains.
- 3. The type of water distribution main and transmission main pipe installed shall be clearly marked on each sheet.
- 4. The type of end fitting and pipe at the end of the distribution mains and transmission mains shall be described.
- 5. Changes of location of shut-off valves, fittings, air release/vacuum valves, blow-off assemblies, hydrants, and water services for which an improvement plan revision was not obtained.

Record Drawings shall be approved by Water Supply prior to acceptance of the project.







NOTES:

- FIRE HYDRANTS SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM VEHICULAR BY BOLLARDS AND BE ACCESSIBLE TO FIRE PROTECTION EQUIPMENT. 1. IN COMMERCIAL AREAS. DAMAGE
 - TYPE OF HYDRANT SHOWN IS FOR ILLUSTRATIONS ONLY.
 - GATE VALVE SHALL BE FLANGED TO THE WATER MAIN. OWEST
- CAP NUT ON HYDRANT SHALL BE 18" MIN. TO 24" MAX. TOP OF CONCREETE PAD. THESE
- IOINTS MAY BE FLANGED, OR RESTRAINED MECHANICA! WITH SCWMD APPROVED RESTRAINING DEVICE.

PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY SACRAMENTO COUNTY

WATER MAIN NOT IN ROADWAY INSTALLATION **FIRE HYDRANT**

SCALD NONE DATE 3/86

8-2B

NG AREA IN TOTAL SQUARE FEET	TEE CROSS CROSS WITH PLUG WITH PLUGS			THRUST BLOCKS NOT ALLOWED, SEE 8-3B				
IN TOTAL	TEE OR DEAD END		2	м	co.	ω	12	
	11-1/4" BEND 22-1/2" BEND		-	1	2	ю	လ	
REQUIRED BEARI	45° BEND		1	2	4	9	10	
	90° BEND		2	4	7	12	16	
	TYPE OF FITTING	NOITALLATENI	"4	. 9	%	10"	12"	
		TYPICAL		3dI4	OF	SIZE		

PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY SACRAMENTO COUNTY

THRUST BLOCK **BEARING AREA**

1. THRUST BLOCKS ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED OF CLASS "B" CONCRETE.

2. BEARING AREAS GIVEN ARE FOR CLASS 150 PIPE AT TEST PRESSURE OF 150 PSI IN SOIL WITH 2,000 PSF BEARING CAPACITY.
INSTALLATIONS USING DIFFERENT PIPE, TEST PRESSURES,
SOIL TYPES SHOULD ADJUST AREAS ACCORDINGLY, SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF SCWMD.

3. THRUST BLOCKS ARE TO BE POURED AGAINST UNDISTURBED SOIL.

4. PIPE JOINTS ARE TO BE KEPT CLEAR OF CONCRETE.

NOTES:

BONE NONE

8-3A

RESTRAIN LENGTH IN FEET 30" DEPTH OF DEPTH OF 60 PPE PIPE 12" 6" 10 0 **CONFIGURATION** ᄗ 밀 ᅙ IN LINE 38|24|45|31|58|38|70|46 17|17|26|24|32|30|41|38 VALVE 2 1 2 1 0 2 0 1 9 3 0 2 6 3 2 | 17 | 13 | 37 | 24 | 48 | 33 3 VALVE AT TEE 2 2 12 8|27 19 43 30 2 2 6 5 17 15 27 24 CROSSING 2 2 4 3 2 2 2 19 15 39 128 2|12 11 24 21 (SEE NOTE 3) PIPE 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 14 10 32 24 2 10 8|20 19 37|21|42|27 |56|32|68|38 15 23 21 30 24 16 38|30 (SEE NOTE 4) 2 2 18 15 41 26 50 2 2 12 22 20 14 32 28 (SEE NOTE 5) CROSSING VALVE PIPE 2 2|16|12|32|20|44|32 2 2 6 4 18|16|29|26 AT CROSS 2 2 2 2 2 20 17 40 32 2 12 26 24 14 ż 2 3 2 18 34 26 2 2 2 2 |12|10|22|20 14 (SEE NOTE 5)

RL = RESTRAINED LENGTH

NOTES:

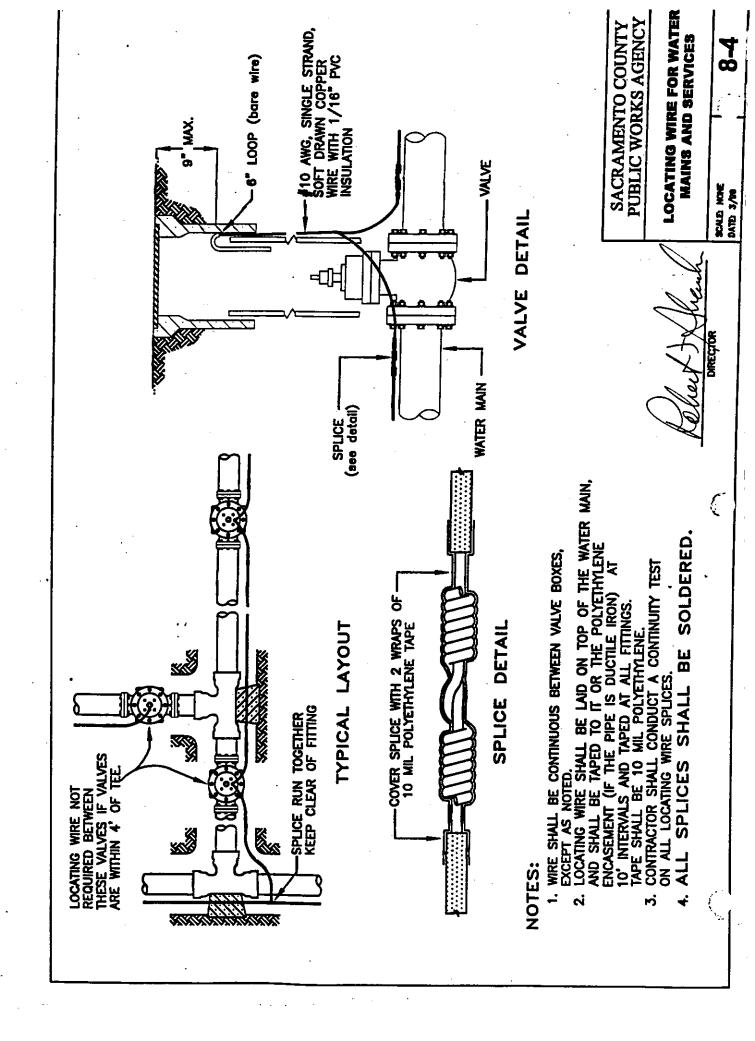
- 1) ALL JOINTS WITHIN THE RESTRAIN LENGTH MUST BE RESTRAINED.
- 2) IF RESTRAIN LENGTH IS GREATER THAN 20', DUCTILE IRON PIPE WITH INSIDE THE BELL RESTRAINING DEVICES MUST BE USED FOR THE ENTIRE RESTRAINED LENGTH.
- 3) RESTRAIN LENGTH FOR THE TEE DESCRIBED, ASSUMES A THRUST BLOCK IS INSTALLED AT LOCATIONS SHOWN ABOVE. IF THRUST BLOCK IS NOT INSTALLED RESTRAIN LENGTH MUST BE APPROVED BY WATER SUPPLY.
- 4) THIS CONFIGURATION IS ONLY TO BE USED IF A THRUST BLOCK CAN NOT BE POURED BEHIND THE TEE AND AGAINST UNDISTURBED SOIL.
- 5) JOINTS ON PIPES PERPENDICULAR (CROSSING PIPES) TO RESTRAIN LENGTH RUN, MUST BE RESTRAINED FOR A MIN. OF 4 FEET.
- 6) THE RESTRAIN LENGTHS ARE BASED ON A WATER PRESSURE OF 150 PSI. IF HIGHER PRESSURE OR HIGHER SURGE PRESSURES ARE ANTICIPATED, THEN THIS TABLE DOES NOT APPLY AND RESTRAIN LENGTH MUST BE APPROVED BY SCWMD.

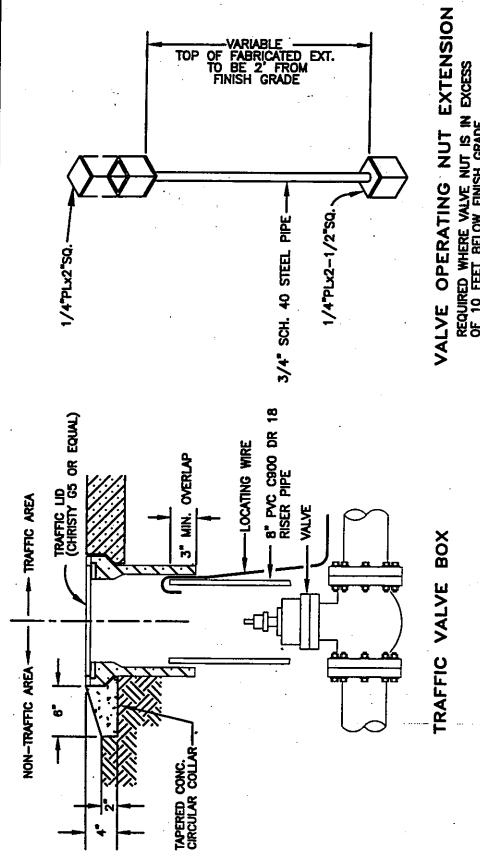
SACRAMENTO COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY

PIPE RESTRAINED LENGTH

SCALE: NONE DATE: 3/99

8-3B





REQUIRED WHERE VALVE NUT IS IN EXCESS OF 10 FEET BELOW FINISH GRADE.

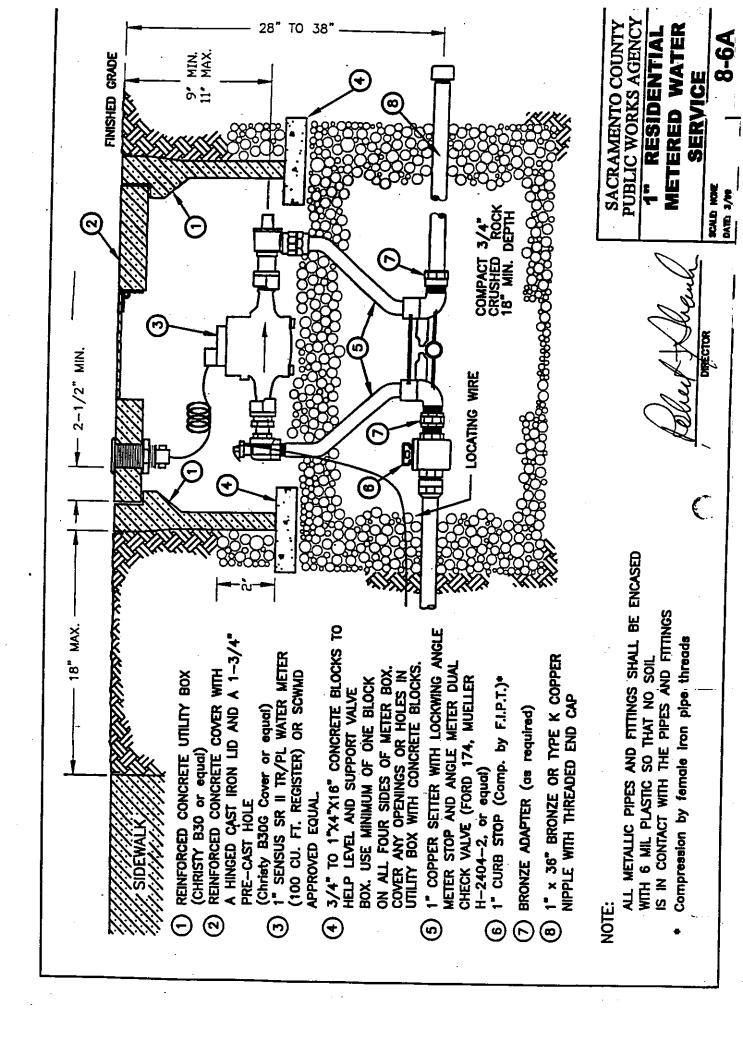
NOTES:

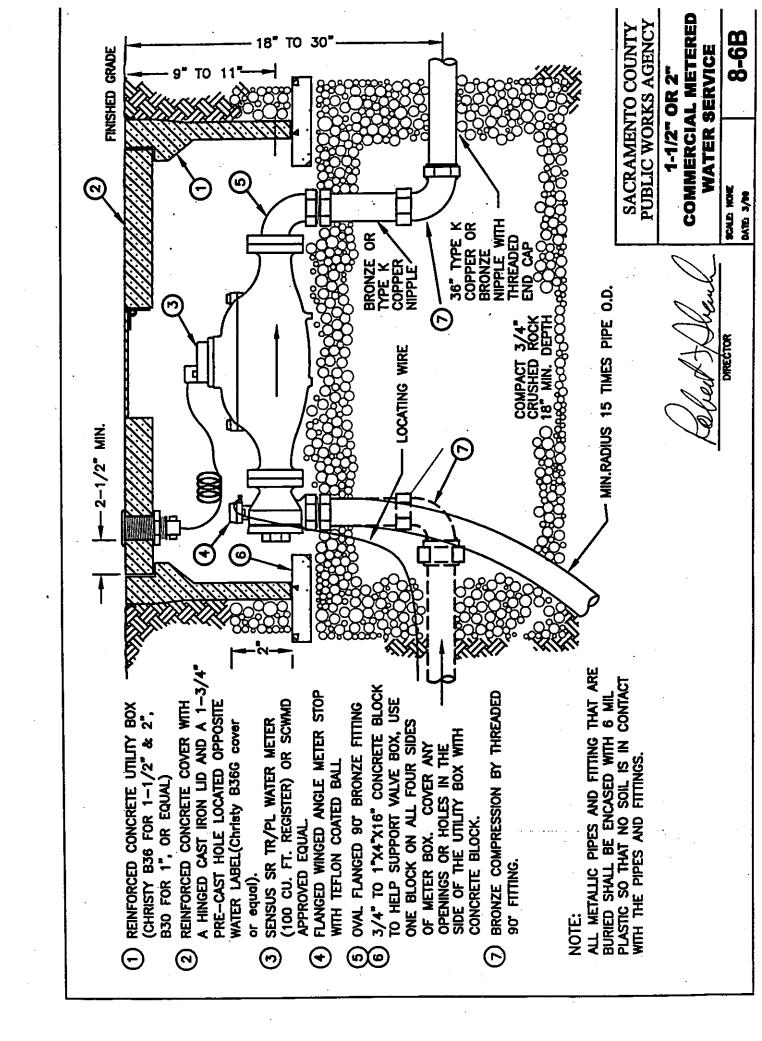
- VALVE BOX AND RISER SHALL BE SET PLUMB AND CENTERED OVER WATER VALVE NUT.
 - SET VALVE BOX TO FINAL FINISH GRADE, IN AREAS WHERE THE FINISH GRADE HAS NOT BEEN DEFINED, PLACE 4"X4" LOCATING POST PAINTED BLUE WITHIN 1 FOOT OF VALVE BOX. POST SHALL BE 6 FEET IN LENGTH AND BURIED 3 FEET.

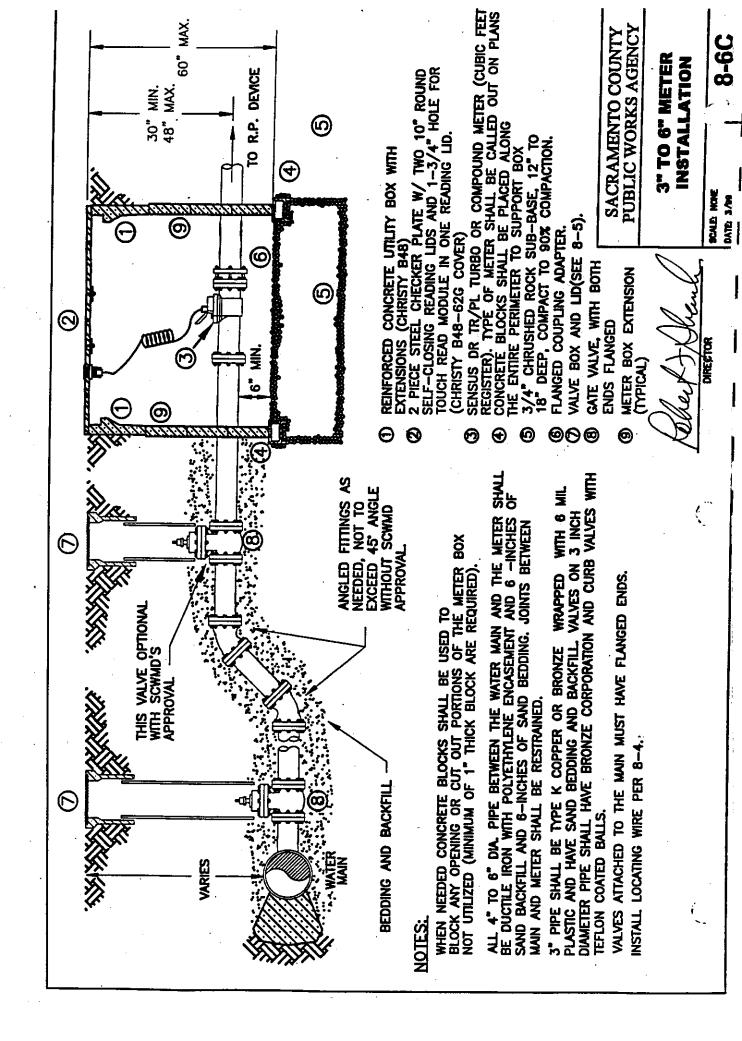
SACRAMENTO COUNTY SCALD NONE DATE 3/70

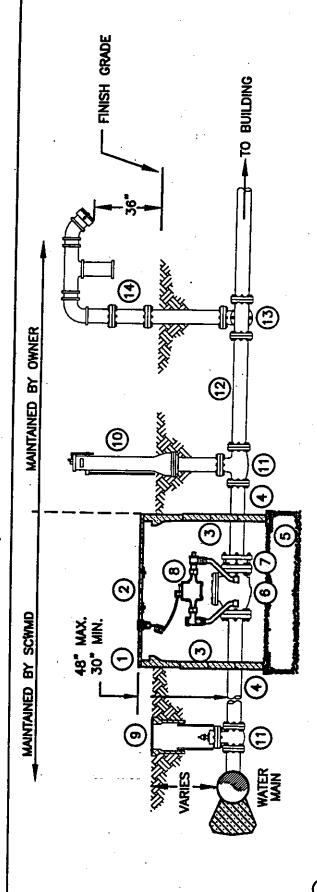
VALVE BOX INSTALLATION PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY AND OPERATING NUT **EXTENSION**

8-5









REINFORCED CONCRETE UTILITY BOX (CHRISTY B48)

2 PIECE STEEL CHECKER PLATE W/ TWO 10" ROUND SELF-CLOSING READING LIDS AND 1-3/4" HOLE FOR TOUCH READ MODULE REINFORCED CONCRETE UTILITY BOX EXTENSIONS. ONE READING LID. (CHRISTY 848-62G COVER) **⊘** (F)

NOTES

CONCRETE BLOCKS SHALL BE PLACED ALONG THE ENTIRE \odot

" CRUSHED ROCK SUB-BASE, 12" TO 18" DEEP. DETECTOR CHECK VALVE-TYPE AND MODEL TO BE COMPACT TO 90% RELATIVE COMPACTION. PERIMETER TO SUPPORT BOX. (G)

(o)

APPROVED BY THE FIRE DEPARTMENT AND THE SACRAMENTO COUNTY WATER MAINTENANCE DISTRICT. FLANGED COUPLING ADAPTOR.

5/8" X 3/4" BYPASS METER SHALL BE SENSUS SRII TR/PL CU. FT. REG..

VALVE BOX AND LID.(SEE 8-5) **(6)**(6)

FLANGED POST INDICATOR VALVE WITH BREAKAWAY LOCK. @ Œ

GATE VALVE, WITH BOTH ENDS FLANGED DUCTILE IRON SPOOL

PLANGED TEE

WAFER CHECK.

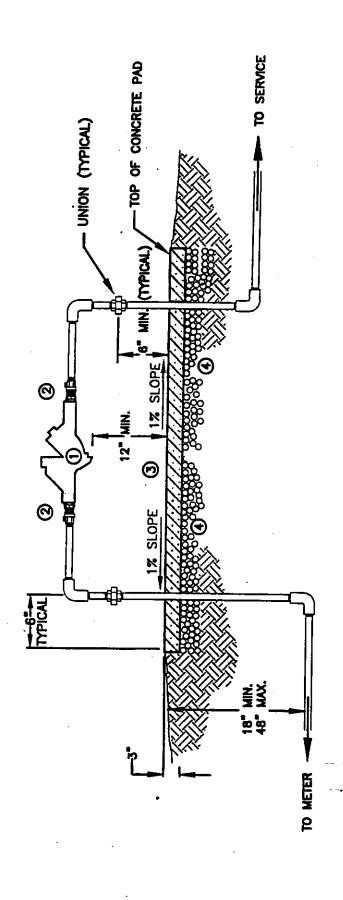
CHECK VALVE AND PIPE SHALL BE U.L.-F.M. APPROVED H ALL JOINTS BETWEEN MAIN AND DETECTOR CHECK BURIED DUCTILE IRON PIPE SHALL BE WRAPPED INSTALLATION MAY VARY WITH FIELD CONDITIONS AND FIRE DEPARTMENT REQUIREMENTS. WITH 6 INCHES WITH SAND TO POLYETHYLENE ENCASEMENT INSTALLED NSTALL LOCATING WIRE PER 8-4. SAND BEDDING AND BACKFILLED 6 INCHES ABOVE TOP OF PIPE, NWWA CIOS AND INSTALLED SHALL BE FLANGED 8-MIL

PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY SACRAMENTO COUNTY

FIRE PROTECTION DETAIL

SCALD HONE DATE 3/00

8-7



REDUCED PRESSURE BACKFLOW PREVENTER SHALL BE LISTED ON THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA'S DEPT. OF HEALTH SERVICES MOST RECENT LIST OF APPROVED REDUCED PRESSURE BACKFLOW PREVENTERS.

ALL PIPES SHALL BE GALVANIZED SCHEDULE 40 STEEL, TYPE K COPPER, OR BRONZE, ALL BURIED PIPES SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH 8 MIL. POLYETHYLENE ENCASEMENT OR 10 MIL POLYETHYLENE TAPE. GALVANIZED PIPE SHALL HAVE ANODE BAG PER COUNTY BUILDING INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS CODE.

REDUCED PRESSURE BACKFLOW PREVENTER.

BRONZE BODY, RESILIENT SEATED BALL VALVE MINIMUM WORKING PRESSURE OF 175 PSI.

3" SLAB — 18" WIDE WITH VARYING LENGTH ල

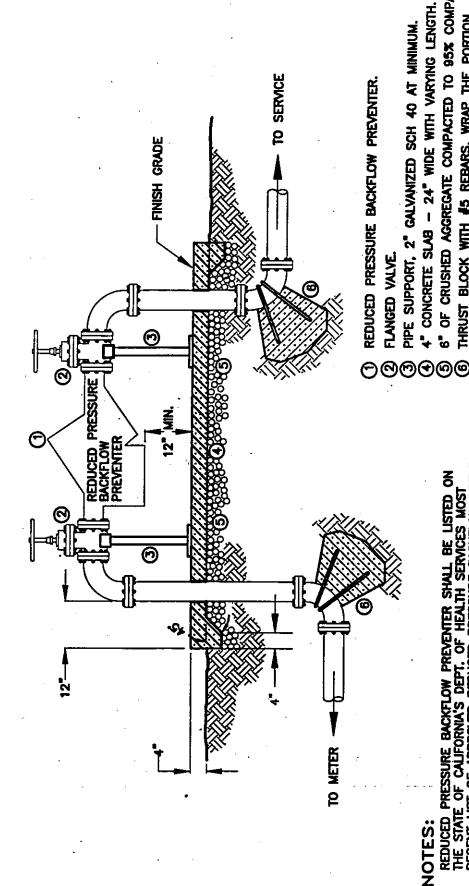
1/2" OR 3/4" CRUSHED ROCK, 4" MINIMUM THICKNESS, MECHANICALLY COMPACTED TO 95% COMPACTION. •

SACRAMENTO COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY

Reduced Pressure Backflow PREVENTER 1" TO 3"

SCALE NONE DATE: 3/80

8-8A



REDUCED PRESSURE BACKFLOW PREVENTER SHALL BE LISTED ON THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA'S DEPT. OF HEALTH SERVICES MOST RECENT LIST OF APPROVED REDUCED PRESSURE BACKFLOW PREVENTERS.

S" OF CRUSHED AGGREGATE COMPACTED TO 95% COMPACTION

OF THE REBAR THAT IS NOT EMBEDDED IN THE CONCRETE

WITH 20 MIL POLYETHELYNE TAPE.

THRUST BLOCK WITH #5 REBARS. WRAP THE PORTION

INSTALL LOCATING WIRE PER 8-4.

ALL PIPE SHALL BE CEMENT LINED DUCTILE IRON, CLASS 350 MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF AWMA C151 AND C115 ALL JOINTS SHALL BE FLANGED. FLANGES SHALL CONFORM TO AWMA C207, CLASS D REQUIREMENTS.

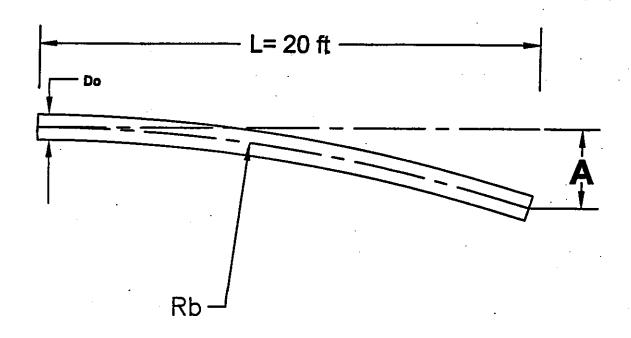
BURIED PIPE SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH 8 MILS OF POLYETHYLENE ENCASEMENT WITH SAND BEDDING AND BACKFILL.

PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY SACRAMENTO COUNTY

REDUCED PRESSURE BACKFLOW PREVENTER 4" AND LARGER

8-8B

SCALE HONE CATE 3/30



Do=Average outside pipe diameter (inches)
A=Offset at the end of the pipe (inches)
Rb=Minimum bending radius (feet)

Nominal	Average	Minimum	Minimum	Offset at
Pipe Diameter	Outside Pipe Diameter,Do	Wall Thickness	Bending Radius, Rb	Free End
(inches)	(inches)	(inches)	· (feet)	(inches)
4	4.800	0.267	121	20
6	6.900	0.383	185	13
8	9.050	0.503	240	10
10	11.100	0.617	400	6
12	13.200	0.733	800	4

Joint Deflection of AWWA C900 PVC Pipe is prohibited.

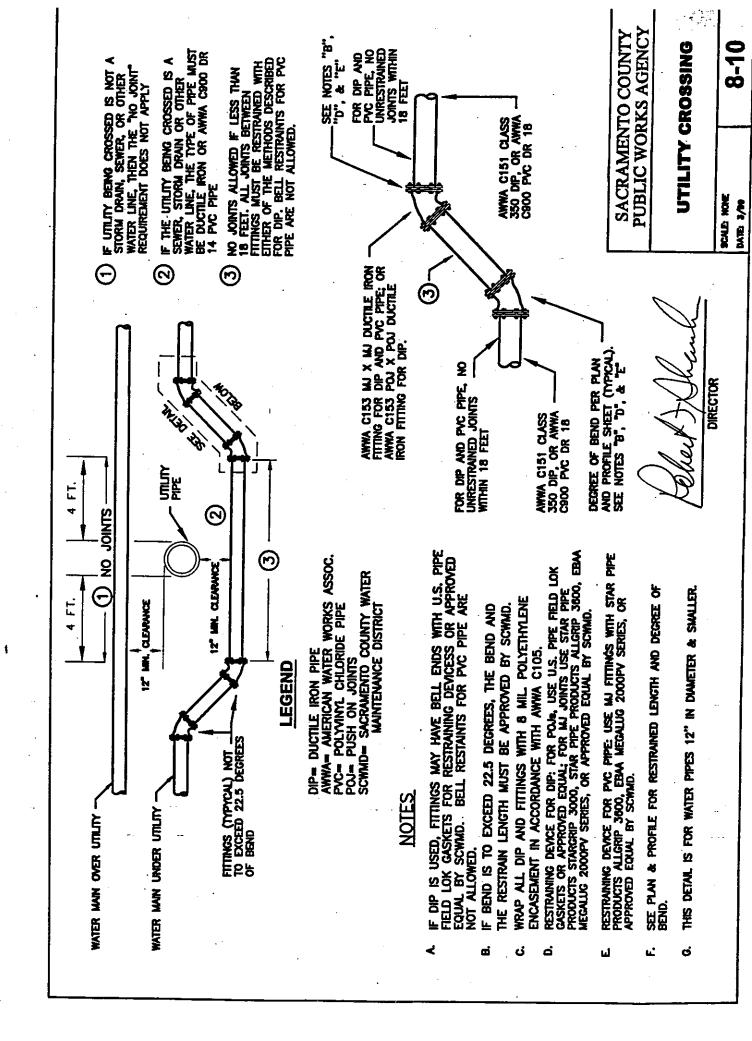
Lehert Dhank

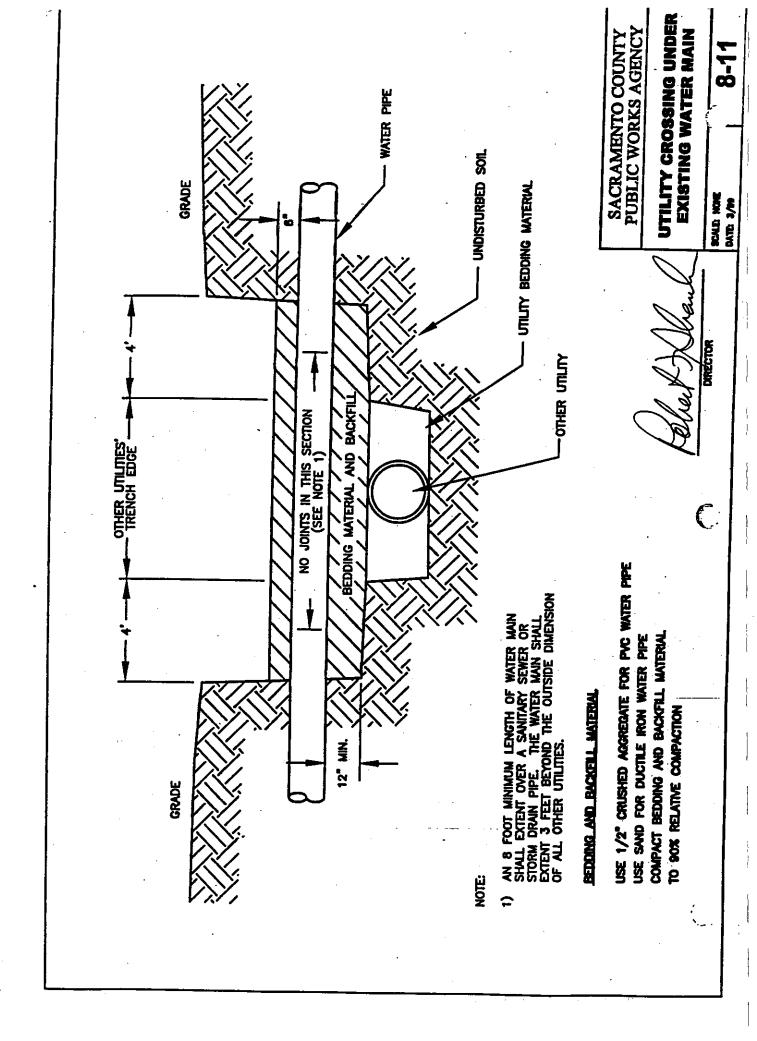
SACRAMENTO COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY

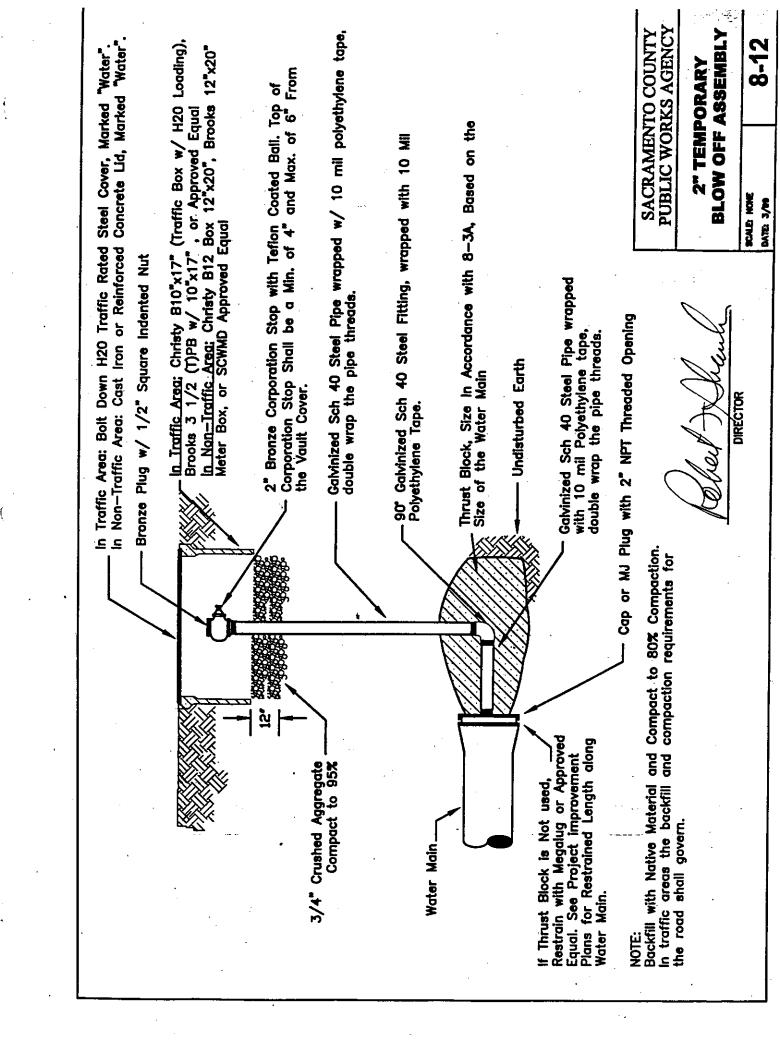
MAXIMUM DEFLECTION FOR PVC PIPE

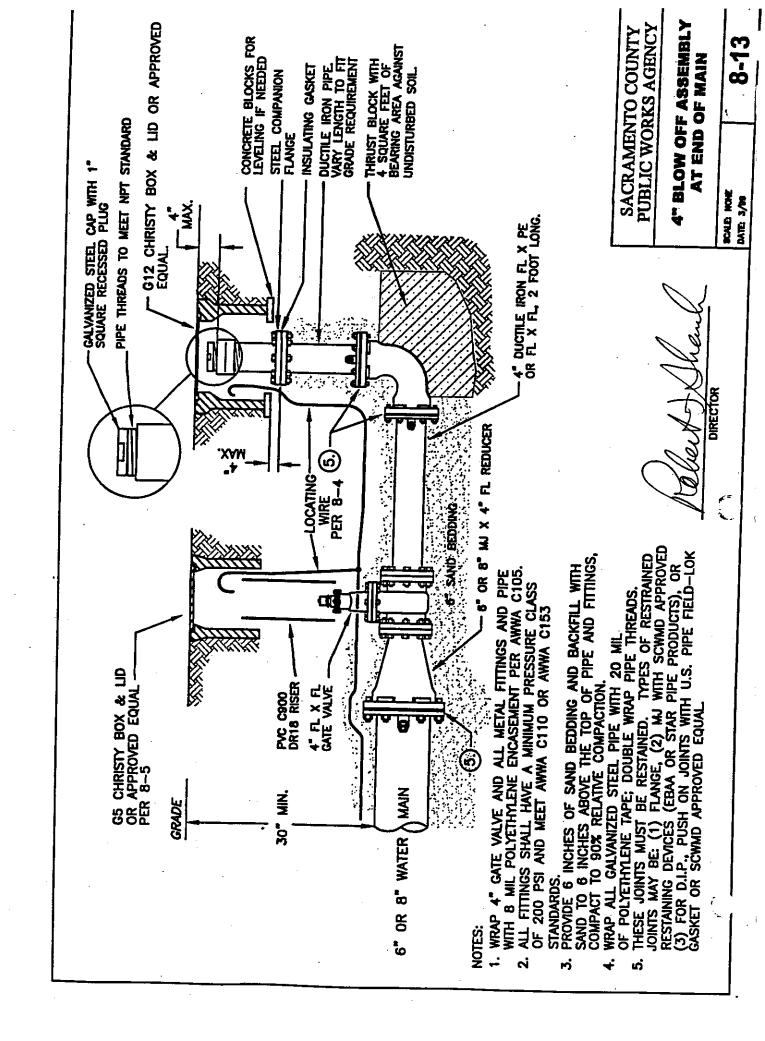
SCALE: NONE DATE: 3/80.

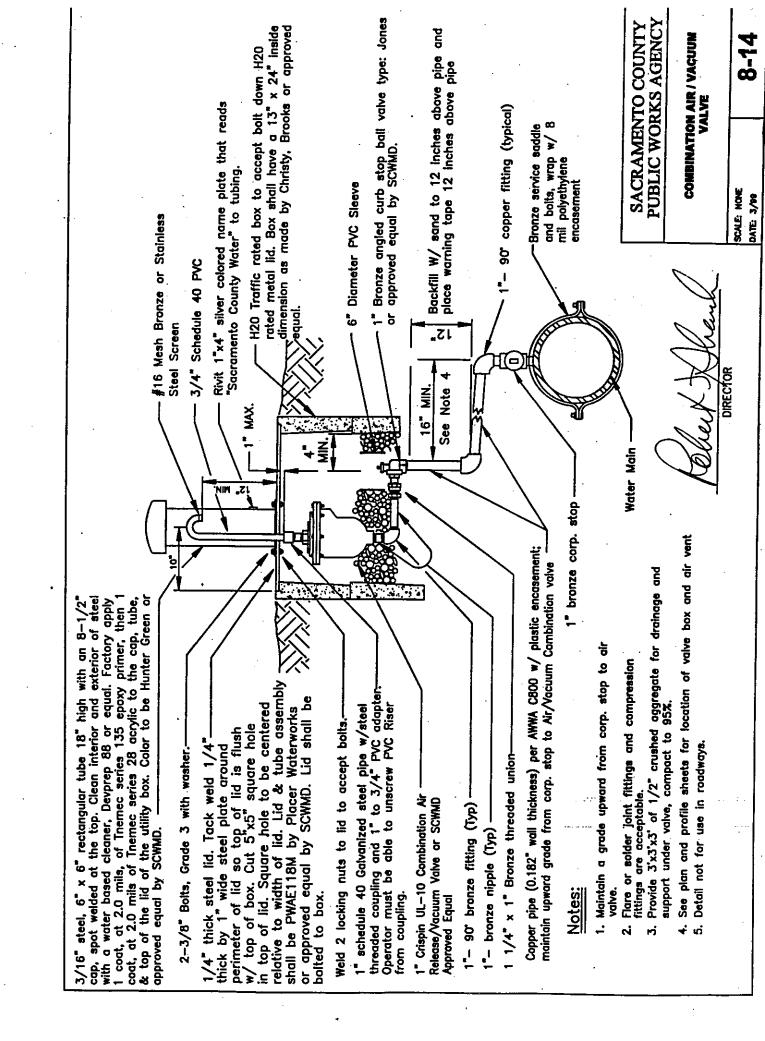
8-9

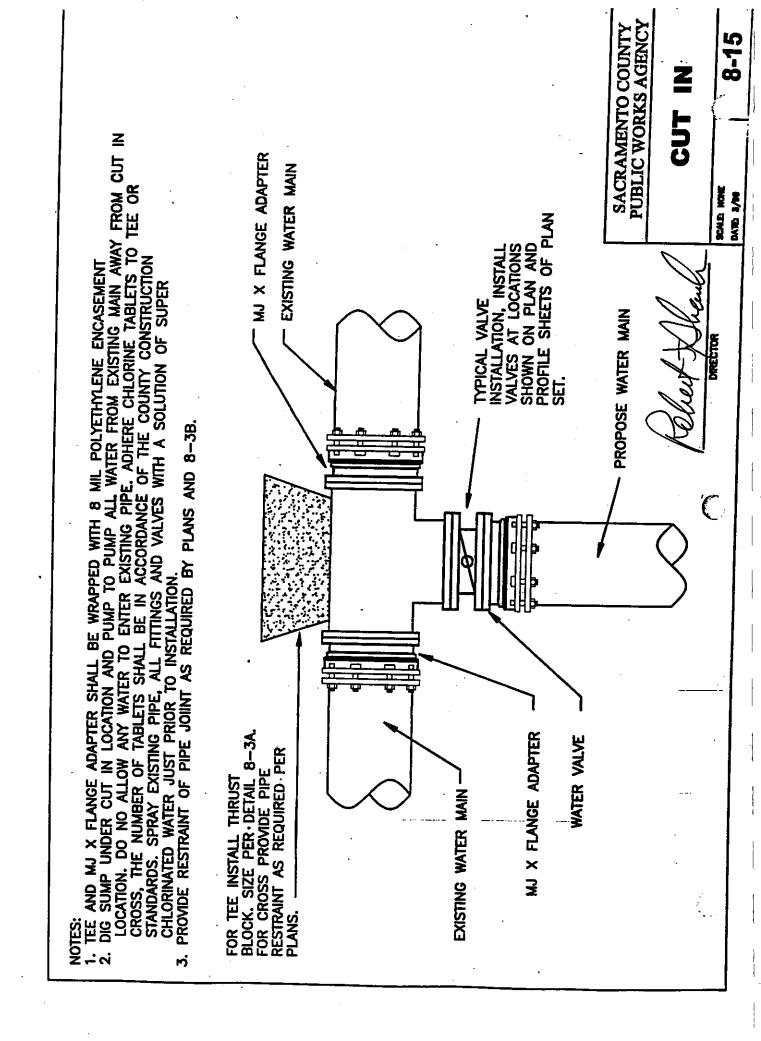


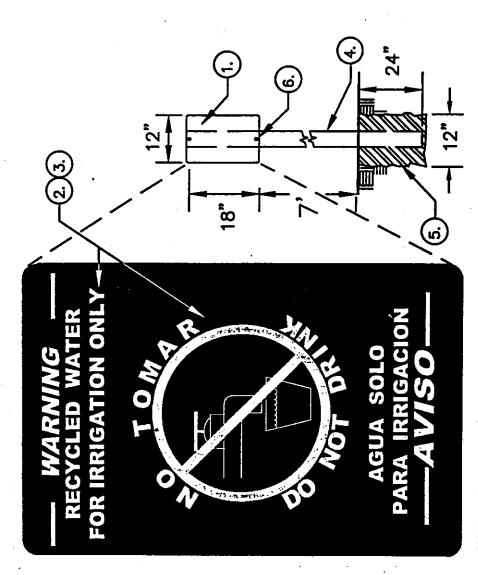












SIGN, LETTER HEIGHTS, & SYMBOL SIZE SHOWN ARE IN REQUIRED PROPORTIONS

- 0.080" GAUGE, ROUNDED CORNERS (1" RADIUS). 12"x 18" ALUMINUM SHEET ALLOY 6061-T6
 - LETTER HEIGHT & SYMBOL SIZE SHALL TO SIGN SIZE. BE PROPORTIONAL

d

- LETTER & SYMBOL SHALL, BE WHITE IN THE BACKGROUND SHALL BE PURPLE (PANTONE 241) IN COLOR. COLOR.
 - 4"x4" POST. SHALL BE REDWOOD OR REATED DOUGLAS FIR(STATE OF
- COMPACTED EARTH IN 4" LIFTS OR CONCRETE. CALIF. SPEC. NO. 56-2.02B). FOOTING SHALL BE 24" IN DEPTH WITH 5/16"# x 4-1/2" ZINC PLATED STEEL ശ တ်
- SPECIFICATIONS SECTIONS SS104—03 AND SS104—04. A DIRECT OR PRESSURE SENSITIVE DECAL INK SCREENING PROCESS REQUIRED. SIGNS SHALL CONFORM TO THE LATEST COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO STANDARD CONSTRUCTION BOLT WITH VANDAL PROOF NUTS.
- SACRAMENTO COUNTY WATER MAINTENANCE DISTRICT. 3" × 4-1/2" PRESSURE SENSITIVE DECALS ARE REQUIRED FOR IRRIGATION CONTROLLERS AND OTHER ABOVE GROUND FACILITIES REQUIRING A WARNING SIGN. WHEN CONDITIONS AND/OR FACILITY CHARACTERISTICS RENDER THESE SPECIFICATIONS INAPPROPRIATE, ALTERNATIVE SIGNING MUST BE SUBMITTED FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY THE

PUBLIC WORKS AGENCY SACRAMENTO COUNTY

NONPOTABLE RECYCLED **WATER WARNING SIGN**

SCALE NOW DATE 3/10

8-16

APPENDIX D

SACRAMENTO COUNTY WATER AGENCY APPLICATION FOR RECYCLED WATER SERVICE

APPENDIX D

SACRAMENTO COUNTY WATER AGENCY APPLICATION FOR RECYCLED WATER SERVICE

The	customer completes the following: (Please print or type)	
Prop	erty or Development Name:		
Custo	omer Name:		
Relat	tionship to property:		
Mail	ing address:		
Telej	phone number:	Office	Residence
Proje	ect/site name:		
Proje	ect/site address:		
Prop	erty owner(s):		
Mail	ing address:		
Telej	phone number:	Office	Residence
Recy	vcled Water Supervisor:		
	Name:		
	Address:		
	24-hour contact telephone numb	er:	
Lega	al description of property:		
1.	Type of use (check each use):		
La	andscape irrigation	Construction use	Impoundments
Commercial use		Groundwater recharge	Other
In	dustrial use	Wildlife habitat	
Ag	gricultural use	Recreational	
2.	Brief description of use(s):		
3.	Total irrigated area:	acres Types of plant material:	
	Site topography (slope of land):		
	Site soil types (sand, silt, etc):		

Application For Recycled Water Service (Cont.)

4.	Estimated de	emand:	Total quantity:		HCF/yr	
			Max. at POC:		GPM (Total)	
			Min. pressure:		psi	
			Hours/Day			
			Days/Week:			
5.	Number of s	service connections: _	Number	of meters request	ed:	
	Size of mete	ers:				
5.	This is a:	new	converted system	l .		
7.	Current irrig	gation source (if any):				
3.	If a new syst	tem, how are pipes to	be identified:			
	Colo	or-codedStenc	iledTape wrap	Other		
3.	Are there special construction requirements?YesNo					
	If yes, expla	in:				
).	Date desired	to initiate service:				
0.	Duration of	service (temporary, in	nterim, construction use	e, permanent):		
11.	Additional i	nformation: (include s	special conditions affec	ting service)·		
		•	•	,		
Please in	nclude the fol	llowing items:				
	a) Items to i) ii) iii)	Location and vicinit	ne Initial Application: y map showing the den perly notarized affidav er for required fees:		ecycled water use area	
	b) Items to i)		quent to The Approval ect area which shall inc cinity map		on:	

- Demarcation of the recycled water use area
- Specific potable water use areas
- Location of service connections
- Size of service connection
- Main line locations
- Gate valve locations
- Specific recycled water use areas
- Specific potable water use areas
- Sign locations

Application For Recycled Water Service (Cont.)

I, the customer, have read and understand the County's Rules and Regulations for Recycled Water Use and Distribution and agree to restrict recycled water use for the purposes described in this application. I agree to use recycled water in accordance with these Rules and Regulations and all other applicable documents. I understand that recycled water may not be compatible with certain types of vegetation because of its chemical composition. I agree that the County will not be liable for damages that may occur to vegetation of for damages which may occur due to uses of recycled water for purposes not included in this application.

Customer's signature: Date:				
	County completes the following) US OF APPLICATION:			
The The The	to State Health Department for approval customer needs to submit required fees customer needs to supply additional information customer denied recycled water service arned to the applicant			
Comm	nents:			
12.	Service connection(s) size approved?YesNo If not, why?			
	Service location approved?YesNo If not, why?			
13.	Use(s) approved?YesNo Comments:			
14.	Can the County provide requested recycled water service with existing facilities?			
15.	Is recycled water main extension required?YesNo Comments:			
16. 17.	Will this system be initially connected to the potable water system?YesNo Describe level and method of backflow protection:			
Davias	und hu			
	wed by: Date:			

APPENDIX E

SACRAMENTO COUNTY WATER AGENCY CHECKLIST/ACTION REQUEST FORM FOR OBTAINING RECYCLED WATER SERVICE

APPENDIX E

SACRAMENTO COUNTY WATER AGENCY CHECKLIST/ACTION REQUEST FORM FOR OBTAINING RECYCLED WATER SERVICE

10:		
Requested by:	Signed:	
Project Name:	Date:	
Project Name:		
Date		
Completed		
1. SCWA determines if area in question is curre water.	ntly, or will be, served with recycled	
	n to SCWA	
2. The customer submits a completed application SCWA reviews the application and when completed application and when completed application approved by EMD, customer to		
4. If application approved by EMD, customer to		
SCWA.	submit complete irrigation plans to	
5. If approved by SCWA, irrigation plans and U	RP are submitted to EMD.	
6. If approved by EMD, copy of approved applied		
submitted to DHS prior to construction	n.	
7. DHS approves the detailed irrigation plans an	d URP for recycled water service.	
7. DHS approves the detailed irrigation plans an 8. The customer constructs facilities with inspec 9. The customer submits Record Drawings to the 10. SCWA provides copy of Record Drawings to	tion by the SCWA and/or EMD.	
9. The customer submits Record Drawings to the	e SCWA.	
10. SCWA provides copy of Record Drawings to	EMD and DHS.	
11. Upon customer's request SCWA performs fin testing.	al inspection and operational	
12. SCWA to verify customer's onsite supervisor certification.	has received proper training and	
13. If final inspection passes, SCWA requests EM service.	ID (DHS) for approval to begin	
14. The SCWA grants final approval for service.		
15. SCWA issues a Recycled Water Service Perm	nit.	
16. The customer initiates recycled water service.		
17. SCWA confirms service to EMD and DHS.		

HOW TO USE THIS FORM:

This form is to be used by the customer, SRCSD, SCWA, County EMD and State Department of Health Services to request specific action or items needed to complete the process for obtaining recycled water service. Complete each step in the sequence shown. Make sure the form is dated and signed. This checklist keeps all entities informed of the application process progress and the steps remaining to provide recycled water service.

APPENDIX F

SACRAMENTO COUNTY WATER AGENCY STATUS APPLICATION FOR RECYCLED WATER SERVICE

APPENDIX F

SACRAMENTO COUNTY WATER AGENCY STATUS OF APPLICATION FOR RECYCLED WATER SERVICE

10:		
Date:		
application ha Regulations for with the quant below. If you at	s been review or Recycled W tity of recycled have any que	on for recycled water service for the project(s) listed below. The ed by our engineers in accordance with the County's Rules and Vater Use and Distribution and the ability of our system to supply you distributed water you have requested. The status of application is shown stion please contact (review engineer) (phone #).
J		
Status:		Your application has been approved by the County.
	_	Your application has been sent to the State Health Department for further review.
	_	Your application is incomplete, and we request additional information. (See comments).
	_	We require payment of fees before review can be completed.
	_	Your application has been returned. (See comments).
	_	Your application for recycled water service has been denied. (See comments).
Comments:		

APPENDIX G

SACRAMENTO COUNTY WATER AGENCY PERMIT FOR RECYCLED WATER SERVICE

APPENDIX G

SACRAMENTO COUNTY WATER AGENCY PERMIT FOR RECYCLED WATER SERVICE

Customer Account # : _				
Customer Name:			Contact:	
Relationship to property	/:			
Mailing address:				
Project/site name:				
Project/site address:				
Property owner(s):				
Mailing address:				
Telephone number:		Office		Residence
Recycled Water Superv	isor:			
Date of Certification:				
24-hour contact telepho	ne number:			
Approved use(s):	1			
	2			
	3			
Approved use area(s):	1			
	2			
	3			

Permit For Recycled Water Service (Cont.)

Total irrigat	ed area:	a	cres		
Recycled wa	ater demand:				
Meter Account	Meter <u>Size</u>	Min Pres. (psi)	Max. Flow <u>(GPM</u>)	Area Served (HCF/Yr)	Yearly <u>Consump.</u>
Totals:					
This is a:	NEW	CON	NVERTED syst	tem.	
Method of r	ecycled water p	ipe identifica	tion:		
Color -	-coded	Stenci	led	_None (converted)	
Colore	d tape wrap	Other			
Recycled wa	ater service init	iated on:			
This is a:	Permanent	_Temporary	Interim	_Construction recycl	ed water service
to stop on: _					
Rate charge	d for service:		\$/HC	F plus applicable cha	rges as follows:
Special requ	irements/condi	tions:			
Special requ	nirements/condi	tions:			
Special requ	irements/condi	tions:			

Permit For Recycled Water Service (Cont.)

Final Inspection By The County:

•	overned by this permit and attest that the construction ce with the County's Rules and Regulations for
Recycled Water Use and Distribution.	,
Inspector:	Date:
Title:	
Customer Agreement:	
agree to operate this recycled water service in	ulations for Recycled Water Use and Distribution, and n accordance with all provisions of this permit and all able for training and supervising all personnel under my e recycled water system.
	system will be made without issuance of an amended lties to be assessed for any/all violations of these Rules I Distribution.
Customer's signature:	Date:

APPENDIX H

CUSTOMER EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN PROCEDURES

APPENDIX H

CUSTOMER EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN PROCEDURES

In the event it is determined that a violation of these Rules and Regulations has occurred, the customer shall immediately notify SCWA. It shall be the responsibility of the customer to initiate action that will correct the conditions having caused the violation. If, in the opinion of SCWA the violation constitutes and immediate danger to the public health, then Service shall be terminated immediately by shutting off the meter and locking it. Service shall be resumed only after the violation has been corrected to the satisfaction of SCWA.

If the violation is determined to be of lesser degree, then a timetable for completing the corrections shall be negotiated with SCWA by the customer. Corrections not being made in accordance with the timetable shall also result in the termination of Service by shutting off the meter and locking it.

If a cross connection is detected during the annual cross connection control test, or at any other time a backflow incident occurs or is suspected, the following procedures will be implemented immediately:

- 1. Shut down the recycled supply into the facility immediately.
- 2. Post notification of potential cross-connection and restrict access to potable water.
- 3. Notify SCWA, SRCSD, State DHS and County EMD by telephone immediately.
- 4. Investigate the cause or location of the cross connection and eliminate the cross connection if found.
- 5. Collect potable water samples and perform bacteriological analyses and TDS. The bacteriological analyses are to be performed by a State of California approved testing laboratory.
- 6. Conduct a cross connection control test following the procedures in the initial cross connection control test.
- 7. Superchlorinate the potable water system and maintain a chlorine residual of at least 50 mg/L for 24 hours.
- 8. Flush the system after 24 hours; collect water samples and perform bacteriological analyses.
- 9. If the bacteriological samples indicate negative results, obtain approval from SCWA, County EMD and State DHS before placing the systems back in service.

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APPENDIX I

EXAMPLE CROSS-CONNECTION TEST PROCEDURE

APPENDIX I

CROSS-CONNECTION CONTROL TEST METHODOLOGY

As part of the statewide requirements for the use of recycled water, each reuse site must pass a cross-connection test. The following briefly describes the methodology, activities and procedures to conduct the required testing for each site. Prior to any testing, the cross-connection control specialist for the Sacramento County Water Agency (SCWA) will notify the State Health Department and the County Environmental Management Department (EMD) of the proposed cross-connection test. The notification will take place a minimum of one (1) week before the actual test date and will include the time and location for the proposed testing. Upon completion of testing, the cross-connection control specialist will submit a written report to the County EMD summarizing the results of the testing. The report will be submitted within two (2) weeks after the testing occurs. The report will include copies of the actual recorder charts from the pressure recorders if used during the testing. The following describes the cross-connection testing activities.

1. PRE-TEST MEETING

A pre-test meeting will take place with the designated site supervisor of the site to discuss the general cross-connection testing procedures and to schedule the actual cross-connection testing. A date and time for the testing will be agreed upon and questions and concerns will be addressed.

2. EVALUATE SPECIFIC SITE REQUIREMENTS

Site specific requirements and constraints, if any, for interruption of potable water will be determined. For sites where an interruption of the potable water supply is unacceptable specific site requirements will be evaluated. Each site will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis to determine if a temporary water supply is required or if alternative facilities could be utilized.

3. POTABLE WATER SYSTEM TEST

This phase of the cross connection test requires shutdown of the potable water system. The test duration shall be as directed by the County EMD with a typical test lasting from 12 hours to 24 hours but no test shall be for less than 4 hours. An example procedure for this phase of the test is as follows:

Attach a pressure recorder to the number four-test cock of the backflow device on the potable water system. The potable water system will then be depressurized at the backflow device using the upstream shut-off valve. Open the number one test cock. This will release any water that leaks past the closed shut-off valve and not affect the pressure recorder. The still pressurized irrigation system control valves are to be operated and irrigation system operation is to be observed during this

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phase of the test. In lieu of a pressure recorder, each fixture on the potable water system can be operated to verify the potable system is depressurized.

4. IRRIGATION SYSTEM TEST

The test procedure is then reversed and the irrigation system shall be shut-down for 24 hours, described as follows:

A pressure recorder is to be connected to the irrigation system. This can be accomplished by a connection to the irrigation backflow assembly similar to the Potable Water Test. The irrigation system is to be depressurized while the potable water system remains pressurized. A complete drain down of the irrigation system is not required. The irrigation meter should be locked after it is depressurize to prevent any unauthorized turn-on of the meter. The irrigation system is to remain shut-down for 24 hours while the potable water system is operated normally. While the system is depressurized the master control panel for the irrigation system is to operate the control valves through their normal irrigation cycle. In lieu of a pressure recorder, each fixture on the irrigation system can be operated to verify the system is depressurized.

5. OVERSPRAY AND COVERAGE TEST

Part of the cross connection testing requirements includes an overspray and coverage test of the irrigation system to ensure that to the system is functioning properly, operating efficiently and that overspray and ponding are minimized. The overspray and coverage tests are normally conducted after the site is connected to the recycled water system. This is primarily due to variation in potable and recycled water system pressures.

6. TEST REPORT

Upon successful completion of the cross-connection testing the cross-connection control specialist for the SCWA shall make a written report to the County EMD. The report will include photocopies of the pressure recorder charts if used, description of the testing activities including time of events and initial and final pressure reading, any unusual incidents that occurred and a recommendation that the site has passed the required testing and should be given final approval to use recycled water. If the testing fails, only a verbal notification will be made to the County EMD describing the possible reason for the failure, what action will be taken to remedy the situation and that another test will be required.

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